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W. N. ARMSTRONG, EDITOR.

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AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE.

BLOOD OR MONEY

Japanese Laborers Are on the
Warpath.

MEN ARE PALI ROAD WORKERS

Have a Grievance Against Sub-
Contractor David Watson.
Make Pay Claim.

David Watson, a sub-contractor on
the new Pali road, must be shaking
in his boots at this very moment. Cer-
tainly, his recollection of a half run
half slide down the Pali yesterday,
with sixty Japanese laborers hot after
him could not fail to make him feel
a little weak on reaching the other
side.

The first known of any unpleasant
state of affairs between Watson and
the Japanese and natives under him,
was learned from Watson himself at
police headquarters yesterday morn-
ing. He called on Deputy Marshal
Hitchcock and said that he had been
informed by some one at the Pali that
twenty-eight Japanese laborers in his
employ had been waiting for three
days at the head of the Pali for the
purpose of killing him.

The trouble, he stated, was over
money matters. He owed them about
\$75 and they owed him somewhat
over that amount for provisions. Pre-
vious to his trip to town men had de-
manded their money of him and he
had refused to give over a cent until
they had paid what they owed him.

Watson wished to inform police
headquarters of the state of affairs so
that, in case of trouble, they would
know what it was about. He said
that it was his intention to start for
the Pali at 1:30 o'clock. In case the
police department saw fit to send an
officer with him, it would be all right.
If not he wished it understood that he
was going anyway and that in case of
a threatening attitude on the part of
the Japanese laborers, some one would
get hurt.

Deputy Marshal Hitchcock decided to
send a mounted patrolman along with
Watson so that the law would be on
hand.

The start for the Pali was made
later than first decided on by Watson.
The arrival at the Pali and the events
that occurred after are best told by an
eye-witness.

"We knew that the Japanese were
on the lookout for Watson, and we
knew the reason too. He owes his 28
Japanese and several natives working
under him, something like \$300. They
owe him for provisions but with the
cost of these deducted there is still, they
claim about \$150 coming to them.

"Watson left the place about three
days ago and the men wanted their
money. Talking did no good so they
sent a Japanese to Honolulu to hunt
up Watson and another to his house
on the other side on the same errand.
Neither one found him so they decided
to await his arrival and force him to
pay.

"In the meantime, the natives con-
cluded to go to the landing on the
other side and there await Watson.
He might take it into his head to make
the journey by water.

"Sometimes the Japs went to work
and sometimes they didn't. Frequent
pow-wows were held but we could not
get anything from them as they were
always carried on in Japanese. The 28
Japanese were joined by the rest of
the gang working at the Pali, some
60 in all. Their attitude became more
and more menacing as the time went
by and no Watson turned up.

"Finally this morning, a Japanese
telephoned up here and the gang was
informed that Watson intended leav-
ing town for the Pali. The watchman
on the highest peak was made to un-
derstand that he must be more vigilant
than ever and at first sight of Watson,
must sound the alarm.

"At about 4 o'clock, there was the
most unearthly series of yells I ever
heard in my life and, running out we
saw the Japanese laborers running
about like madmen in quest of clubs
or other weapons. Work was drop-
ped and the men rallied round their
leaders.

"The excitement then abated some-
what as it was learned that Watson
was a long distance away and also
that he was accompanied by a mount-
ed patrolman.

"The men dropped their weapons for
a moment and held a meeting. This
done, they again went to work but it
was not for long. It was soon an-
nounced that Watson and the patrol-
man were drawing near. The Japan-
ese sent one man to confer with Wat-
son who, after quite a little parley,
agreed to pay the men on Saturday.

"There seemed to be no further signs
of trouble and the Japanese remain-
ed very quiet. This, it seems, was only
a subterfuge. Watson seemed to feel
perfectly safe and at 5 o'clock, told the
patrolman that there was nothing
more to fear and that he could get
over on the other side without danger.
The officer of the law left and set out
for home on a gallop.

"Hardly had he gotten out of sight
when I heard another blood-curdling

series of yells, and arrived outside
just in time to see Watson's coat-tail
fluttering in the wind down the side
of the Pali and sixty enraged Japan-
ese falling over each other in their
efforts to seize the fleeing man. They
had set upon him when they found the
patrolman was out of sight.

"It was about a half hour later when
the laborers returned. We expected to
find them bringing Watson beaten to
death but they said that his slides
down the Pali side and his final hid-
ing in the guava bushes, had outwitted
them.

"I was much surprised when I looked
at the gang for there in the midst
of the Japanese was a native, as much
excited as the Asiatics. He explained
that he had a claim against Watson.

"I fear that the trouble is not all
over yet. At six o'clock, the Japanese
were all drinking heavily of sake and
declaring that in case the money was
not forthcoming on Saturday, as prom-
ised by Watson, there would certainly
be trouble in camp. I consider that
the sub-contractor's position at the
present time, is perilous. His being on
the other side of the island is no safe-
guard. He has yet to deal with the
natives who went over to the landing
to await him in case he arrived on a
steamer. Then there is nothing to pre-
vent the Japanese from going over.
They are ugly enough to do anything."

TOURISTS TO COME

Outlook is for a Very
Fair Season.

Mr. C. D. Chase Speaks of the
Volcano Featuring—Several
Excursions.

C. D. Chase, the Kilauea passenger
agent, said yesterday that he antici-
pated a very good tourist season as the
indications were at present. He is
certain that if the volcano becomes ac-
tive the number of visitors will be
greater than in any winter for many
years.

While on the Coast recently Mr. Chase
induced the Oceanic company to
invest in the 150,000 Hawaiian folders
which have caused a good many let-
ters of inquiry to be received here. Of
course this advertising was largely for
the Volcano. It was upon the sugges-
tion of the Honolulu man that other
features of the islands were given
some prominence.

Mr. Chase makes the complaint that
tourists have been trained to come to
Hawaii for the special purpose of see-
ing the largest live volcano in the
world belch forth fire and send streams
of lava in every direction. Very few
of the visitors can be convinced that
the trip to the big island and to the
crater is worth the while unless Pele
is in anger. They are told of the drive
thru, the forest along a road skirted
with coffee plantations and of the
sights near Peter Lee's house, but they
saw pictures of fireworks and
were told of the red lake and the foun-
tains and will be satisfied with nothing
else.

The more conservative and thinking
who do make the trip are entirely sat-
isfied with it. Every one has said that
it was worth the while, greater than
anything they had seen in traveling
elsewhere.

In Boston Mr. Chase met the Ray-
mond & Whitcomb people and was
assured that they would as usual send
two excursions to Hawaii in the win-
ter of 1897-8. They expected that there
would be a larger number of passen-
gers for each trip than ever before.
Mr. Denby, who was down here for
Cook & Sons, is no longer with the
firm. It is known, however, that the
famous travel promoters will send at
least one excursion to Hawaii during
the winter.

Mr. C. L. Wight, of the Wilder com-
pany and Captain Godfrey and John
Egan of the Inter-Island said they ex-
pected a good tourist season, but ex-
pressed the wish that the volcano
would flare up. Mr. Wight remarked
that activity in Kilauea would mean
quite a flood of visitors. From private
citizens it is learned that many resi-
dents of Honolulu expect visits from
friends in the United States and even
in Europe during the winter.

Still a Favorite.

Maud Hobson will be remembered
hereas Mrs. Haley and again as a mem-
ber of the touring "London Gaiety"
company. She is now in New York
City, prominent in the caste of "In
Town," a great theatrical success. The
paper Judge presents an extremely
fine likeness of Miss Hobson with these
lines:

Yours, Maud, the grace of form and
face
Less often found than sought;
And when at first your beauty burst
Upon my gaze, I thought:
How greatly would my heart rejoice,
If I were only Hobson's choice!

Molasses as a Fuel.

The lower grades of molasses have
proved unsalable at any paying price.
Many Louisiana planters dumped mol-
lasses into the bayous, until the au-
thorities forbade it. It is now used as
a fuel, being sprinkled by a machine
over the bagasse, or the sugar-cane
from which the juice has been extract-
ed. This, when put into the fire, burns
with a strong heat. Its coal value is
greater than its value for any other
use, and over a hundred thousand tons
were so used last year.—Ladies' Home
Journal.

165 FINE WARSHIPS

Command of Gentleman Now in
Honolulu.

SEA LINE OF TWENTY-FIVE MILES

Sir Nowell Salmon, V. C., K. C. B.
One of the Most Famous
of Britishers.

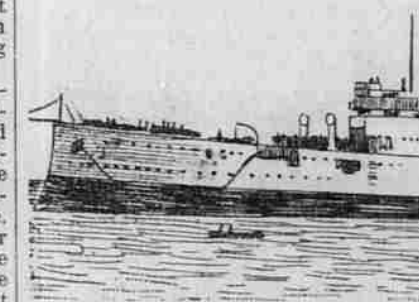
Sir Nowell Salmon, V. C., K. C. B.,
is easily ranked with the most distin-
guished of Britishers ever in Hawaii.
He is not a giant physically, is living
very quietly in Honolulu for a short
time. The great naval chief has re-
ceived attention from Minister Damon,
British Consul Walker, Admiral Miller,



SIR NOWELL SALMON, V. C., K. C. B.
(Photo by Russell, London).

U. S. N., and a few other prominent
residents. There has been no public
demonstration or reception in honor of
a man of world-wide fame.

Of course Sir Nowell Salmon has
seen service. But the achievement for
which he is and perhaps will be best
known, was accomplished in time of
peace. He commanded the squadron
assembled at Spithead for the Diamond
Jubilee celebration. His admirers can
point to him and say "He was monarch



SIR NOWELL SALMON'S FLAGSHIP, H. M. S. RENOWN.

of the sea." Since men used boats no
man ever had such a fleet under his
orders and supervision as has this mod-
est gentleman now sojourning in the
islands made known to the world by
the British sailor Captain Cook.

The world, said the London Sketch,
has witnessed many gorgeous naval
pageants, but never one to equal that
which was seen at Spithead. Graced by
brilliant sunshine and viewed by roy-
alty, it was a record gathering of Navy
vessels in a year of records. Mobilized
at Spithead were one hundred and
sixty-five of the most modern and ef-
ficient vessels in the British Fleet, an-
chored in five long lines measuring
over twenty-five miles. But the signifi-
cance of this great gathering lay in
the fact that it was effected without
weakening, even for a few weeks, the
eight foreign squadrons that guard
the British territory and interests abroad.
While these ships were being viewed
by the Prince and Princess of Wales,
the Colonial Premiers and troops, the
interests of Greater Britain in far-off
seas were being protected by huge
squadrons unequalled by another pow-
er. The fleet in Mediterranean waters
has never been stronger, six of the ten
battleships, besides thirty-two cruisers
and other vessels, being less than ten
years old—launched, in fact, since the
Jubilee celebrations in 1887; thirteen
of the ships of the China Squadron are
of the same age approximately. In
North American waters there are
twelve vessels. Of the Cape of Good
Hope Rear-Admiral Sir Harry Rawson
commands nineteen vessels, while there
are larger fleets than ever before in
the Pacific. In Australasian waters, off
the South-East coast of America, and
in the East Indies—more than half of
them vessels less than ten years old,
efficiently armed, and most of them
armed with the most devilishly power-
ful guns that the ingenuity of man has
invented. When all these vessels, fully

manned, were remembered, something
of the significance of the great fleet
off Portsmouth could be understood. It
consisted merely of the Channel and
Reserve Squadrons and a comparatively
few specially commissioned vessels,
and the assembly was arranged without
recourse being had to any exceptional
methods.

It was a day never to be forgotten by
those who were privileged to witness
it. The morning broke gray and heavy,
and great clouds of mist hid the fleet
from view. But before noon the sun,
loyal as ever to the reigning House,
forced its way through the thick mist,
and by half-past two, when the Victo-
ria and Albert steamed out into the
Solent, and a mighty salute from the
assembled engines of war rent the air,
the atmosphere was clear as crystal,
and a gentle breeze tempered the sun's
heat and gave life and motion to the
thousands of flags that bedecked the
ships.

The fact that the great pageant was
a celebration of sixty years' beneficent
rule, marked by naval progress un-
equalled by any other country, was
charmingly emphasized by the pres-
ence on the royal yacht of the Father
of the British Navy, Admiral of the
Fleet Sir Henry Keppel, a veteran who
was high up in the service when the
Queen ascended the throne, and has
witnessed the great naval revolutions
from sails and wood to steam and steel.
To do honor to the great occasion rep-
resentatives of most of the crowned
families of Europe were present, while
in the Solent were great warships of
the American, French, Russian, Ital-
ian, German, Norwegian, Austrian,
Portuguese, Swedish, Spanish, Dutch,
Japanese, and Danish navies, and the
Siamese royal yacht. Needless to state,
the French cruiser Pothuau and the
Czar's cruiser Rossia were moored in
close and friendly proximity.

As long as the royal yacht mingled
with the long lines of fighting-ships,
the sun lent brilliance to the scene,
and a summer breeze fluttered the
flags; but no sooner had the royal flot-
illa received the mighty salute of sev-
eral thousand guns, and regained the
shelter of Portsmouth harbor, than the
breeze freshened, the clouds gathered,
and lightning played fantastically
among the masts and yards of the
many craft, and the heavens fired a
salute that dwarfed the great perform-
ance of the fleet. For half an hour
blinding rain fell, but the weather-
wise did not give up hope that the
evening would prove fine, as befitted
an illumination that has never been
equalled, far less excelled. By nine
o'clock the Prince of Wales was again
aloft, the Solent was alive with craft,
and the Southsea beaches thronged
with thousands of spectators gathered
to view the golden fleet of England,
every detail of every ship outlined with
myriads of electric lights. These
phantom ships were a triumph of the
electrician's art and science, as they
stretched across the Solent, twenty-
five miles of lanes of light. Some idea
of the brilliance of the scene may be
gleaned from the bare fact that about
75,000 lb candle-power electric lamps
were employed in this magnificent dis-
play; but only the delicate imagery of
the poet could convey any adequate im-
pression of this gigantic fleet illumi-
nated from end to end of the five
long lines, every feature pencilled in
flashing electric beams, even up to the
flags of the five Admirals, which were
portrayed in brilliant red and gold. It

THAT NEW COURSE

Mr. Gibson Will Talk on Best
Methods.

FOR BENEFIT OF TEACHERS

Classes to be Organized—Teachers
and Hours—Bands of Mer-
cy for Honolulu.

An important meeting of the Hono-
lulu Teachers' association was held
last evening. It was an annual ses-
sion. There was a large attendance
and deep interest was shown. An elec-
tion of officers was held, with the fol-
lowing result.

President—T. H. Gibson.
Vice-president—Mrs. Fraser.
Secretary—H. M. Wells.
Treasurer—Miss Julia Perry.
These officers constitute the execu-
tive committee.

The most prominent matter was
talk upon a meeting to be held at the
High School building at 2:30 next
Thursday. On that occasion, Mr. Gib-
son will give his first address or lec-
ture upon the new course of study, now
being used for the first year. He will
explain to the teachers the best meth-
ods of presenting the lessons under the
improved system. All of course feel
that this is of the first moment and
every teacher who can possibly be
present will be on hand to hear Mr.
Gibson. At the same place, following
Mr. Gibson's lecture, there will be
taken up the project of forming classes
in algebra and geometry. If sufficient
numbers are willing to enter two teach-
ers will be selected.

Other classes with teachers selected
and hours of meeting are:

Prof. M. M. Scott—History, 2:30 Mon-
day.

Dr. C. T. Rodgers—Physiology and
hygiene, 2:30 Tuesday (at the Board of
Education offices).

Miss Lammiman—Grammar and com-
position, 3 o'clock Wednesday.

Miss Ross—Arithmetic for primary
and grammar grades, 3 o'clock Tues-
day.

Miss Kelley—Reading and dictation,
3 o'clock Tuesday.

Mr. Harker—Geography, 2:30 Mon-
day.

These classes are to be held for the
purpose of preparing teachers for the
examinations at Easter time. A large
number have signified the intention of
entering the classes.

Mr. Gibson's first lecture will be
chiefly on the method of presenting
geography and numbers in the different
grades.

Bands of Mercy are to be organized
in the schools of Honolulu. Mrs. Gray
of Boston, who has just finished such
a mission in San Francisco will in-
troduce the work here. The bands are
what might be called juvenile or jun-
ior societies for the prevention of cru-
elty to animals. The members take a
pledge to refrain from being unkind to
any dumb creature. Mrs. Gray is very
enthusiastic in this work and will have
the hearty co-operation of the Deputy
Inspector, Mr. Gibson, and the teachers
generally.

The music last evening was solo by
Mr. Macurda.

Webster's Last Days.

An aged husbandman at Marshfield,
Mass., who remembers Daniel Webster
in his latter days very well, has given
some one a very interesting reminis-
cence of the statesman as an agricul-
tural, and incidentally drawn a touch-
ing picture of his farewell to the acres
and the possessions he loved so well.

The Chicago Chronicle publishes them.
Webster, according to this ancient,
loved every tree and flower on the
place. He knew all the stock and could
tell the name of every animal upon
the farm. He was an enthusiastic breed-
er, and was a fine judge of everything
pertaining to farm life and live stock,
although he never made a financial
success of them. When the end came,
and every one, including himself, re-
alized that he had a few days more
to live, he ordered the rector of this in-
cident to drive up to the farmhouse
all the stock two by two, and there
he reviewed them, passing his hand
lovingly over the smooth, glossy coats
and patting their flanks affectionately.

When the last had passed by he turned
with a sigh into the house, giving one
longing look behind and never spoke
again. Unconsciously the old farmer
has given here a picture worthy of a
painter or a poet.

HOW TO CURE BILIOUS COLIC.

I suffered for weeks with colic and
pains in my stomach, caused by bil-
iousness, and had to take medicine all
the while until I used Chamberlain's
Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy
which cured me. I have since recom-
mended it to a good many people.
MRS. F. BUTLER, Fairhaven, Conn.
Persons who are subject to bilious colic
can ward off the attack by taking this
remedy as soon as the first symptoms
appear. Sold by all druggists and deal-
ers, Benson, Smith & Co., agents for
Hawaiian Islands.

ALL NATIVE BOYS

The Tour of Kamehameha's
Glee Club.

HAD QUITE A SUMMER TRIP

Assistance to Churches—Band
Work—Handsome Entertainment—Results.

The Kamehameha's Vacation Glee Club chronicle was prepared by Joseph Kahala, one of the members. Part of the account is given below. This enterprise throughout was by the Hawaiian boys. Kahala writes:

When we first started this club every body seemed to make fun of it, and even the teachers were hopeless and paid very little attention to it. But we had our mind so fixed that in spite of all that we patiently kept it up.

We landed at Maunaloa, and walked all the way up to Waikapo which was pretty hard work.

We got to Waikapo all right enough, and after having our breakfast we got on the train for Kahului. We went there to assist in the races by playing the band.

After two or three hours hard blowing we received \$20, which we said to ourselves was good enough.

On the following Monday, July 8th, we gave a concert at Waikapo.

On Sunday we went to church and helped Rev. Mr. Kapu by singing in the choir.

Wednesday of the same week we received an invitation from Mr. Kealini to go there that evening and have a fun with them. We accepted it and went to Waikapo taking our instruments along. We had a very nice time and enjoyed the band very much. That evening we came back to Waikapo and received a message from Mr. Kapu saying that the Pala people wanted to hire our band to play for their concert on Saturday evening of that same week. Finding out that their concert was for the benefit of the Pala church we decided to help them and not to charge them for it.

On Tuesday of the following week we had another concert at the same place and it was a pretty good one too.

Mr. Baldwin invited us to his house to give a pleasant hour there. We accepted it and after it was over he handed something to our manager, Mr. Kahala. On our way back we asked him what it was that Mr. Baldwin gave him. He said, "Three \$5 gold pieces." Mr. Colville also invited us and he gave us \$10 for which we thanked him.

On the evening before we came back to Waikapo, Mr. Judge P. Noa got up a big band and everybody was invited to our place. After the band we spent the rest of the evening in singing, and while this was going on, Mr. Noa went among the people with his hat and asked for money to person, and finally he came to us and said, "There are \$10 for you boys."

We had a pretty good trip and when we got to Hilo the people told us that that was the lastest time the Kinau ever made to Hilo yet. We admired the location of the city very much with all its beautiful scenes everywhere.

On Saturday evening of that same week we gave our first concert at Hilo in the Court House and it drew such a crowd that there was no more space for a person to enter in. Some of the people stood outside on the veranda while others went home. Everybody seemed to enjoy the concert very much, and some of the people said that it was one of the best concerts ever given in Hilo yet.

On Sunday evening there was a Union meeting at the English church and we were asked to take charge of the choir for that night. We accepted the offer and sang five or six of our Sacred Glee Club songs which Mr. Richards had taught us.

On Sunday morning we went to church at Hilo and attended both the Sunday school and sermon. Mr. Deeba had asked us to sing in the choir, which we did, singing a few of our Sacred songs. The following week the boys spent the days in having good times, nothing some riding horses and bicycles, and others visiting all around the place. We indeed had a delightful time at Hilo. We also had pleasant invitations there something like those of Waikapo and Waikuku, Maui.

On Saturday evening that same week we gave another concert at Spreckel's hall and it was still better than the first one, as the people said.

On the following week, Mr. T. Richards who had just arrived at the Volcano the preceding week invited us to go up there.

Mr. Lee had the boys give a concert and they realized \$41.

We left the Volcano about 5 o'clock and got to Hilo about half past 4 p. m. The next day was steamer day so we spent a part of the day in getting our things ready for Lahaina.

On Saturday evening of that week we gave our concert at the Kohala Club hall. It was a rainy night but still we drew a pretty good crowd. On Sunday we were asked to sing in the choir in the English church which we accepted as usual, and on the same day after church we received an invitation from Mrs. Renton to have lunch with them on the following day at her house.

On Sunday, Mr. Kekawa asked us to help him in the choir that morning and in the evening we were asked to sing in the English church again; which we did. We also gave a band concert for the children of Kohala charging each one 10 cents and gave the whole amount which we made from it to Mr. Kekawa to help him and his big family. We left Kohala, Tuesday evening and arrived at La-

haina early Wednesday morning. We stayed at Mr. Kahalelo's, a Kamehameha student once. On Friday evening we gave our concert at the old Government school house. The Claudine left Lahaina about 10 o'clock Saturday evening and got to Honolulu early Sunday morning.

On Tuesday of the following week we started for Kaula on the steamer Mikahala, intending to come back on the same steamer which returned Saturday of the same week. But when we got to Waimea we changed our minds and all agreed to stay there till the next Saturday. On Thursday evening of the same week we gave our first concert at the Waimea Club hall and another one on Saturday evening of the same week.

We gave our next concert at Koloa on Thursday evening in the church and it was a pretty good one. On Wednesday of the same week we went over to Lihue. At Lihue we stayed at the Kaula Industrial School. On Friday evening we gave our concert in the Lihue church. On the next day which was Saturday we got all of our things ready for our last trip which we were to make and after giving out to each member steamer fare we found that only \$11 was left in the fund, which made us feel ashamed to let our friends know that that was all that we earned this whole vacation. We left Lihue about 5 o'clock that evening and got back to the beloved Kamehameha early Sunday morning.

LABOR IS NEEDED

Planters File Their Requests for Permits.

Cabinet Will Consider—A Serious Problem—Japanese Distribution.

The following disposition has been made of the Japanese immigrants arrived on the tramp steamer Riojun-Maru a few days since:

Ewa Plantation—151 men and 38 women.
Honouliuli—100 men and 25 women.
Haleiwa Sugar Co.—50 men and 13 women.
Dr. Wight—13 men and 4 women.
Olowalu—15 men, 3 women and 3 children.

Ookala—60 men and 14 women.
Pahoa—20 men and 3 women.
The immigrants have all been dispatched, the last having been sent away on the Helene to Maui yesterday afternoon.

A special meeting of the Cabinet on Immigration matters was held yesterday. The applications of planters for permits were received. It is the desire of the employers to bring over quite a large amount of labor. The sugar acreage has increased and many contracts have expired. A great number of the Japanese have gone into the coffee districts as hired workers and as cultivators on their own accounts.

The Government positively refuses to allow the importation of any more Chinese for the present. This is because the annexation treaty is pending. The executive council will consider very carefully the proposals now made by the planters. It is the pronounced policy of the Government to see that no more labor is brought than is absolutely necessary for the actual work.

A number of leading plantation owners and representatives were invited to meet with the Cabinet yesterday. There was serious consideration of the business without reaching final decisions. Immigration statistics were studied and there was not a little serious expression of opinion. The petitions will be passed upon before the next steamer leaves for the Orient.

ROUGH WEATHER.

Heavy Winds in the Channels Bother the Traders.

The steamer James Makie came in from Kaula ports yesterday forenoon with reports of very rough weather at Kaula. She was unable to discharge all of her coal there and brought back part of the cargo. On Tuesday the northeast wind was carried away by the force of the wind. This was picked up by the James Makie and brought to Honolulu. Captain Tillet reports that it took over four hours to come from Barber's Point to the Makie's landing, the wind often being strong enough off port to make her all but stop. It is probable that the Makie will not go out again until next week.

Loaded Liches.

Thirty-three liches nuts loaded with opium, half a dozen horns of the stuff and two Chinamen were brought to the police station by Vida and Chillingworth last night. A number of Chinese escaped. All were in a place on Nuanu between King and Hotel.

Maui Postoffices.

Postmaster General Ott left for Lahaina on the Kinau yesterday. From that place he will take the Helene to other ports on Maui, his intention being to make a tour of inspection of the branch post offices on that island.

The three-year-old boy of J. A. Johnson, of Lynn Center, Ill., is subject to attacks of croup. Mr. Johnson says he is satisfied that the timely use of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, during a severe attack, saved his little boy's life. He is in the drug business, a member of the firm of Johnson Bros. of that place; and they handle a great many patent medicines for throat and lung diseases. He had all these to choose from, and skilled physicians ready to respond to his call, but selected this remedy for use in his own family at a time when his child's life was in danger, because he knew it to be superior to any other, and famous the country over for its cures of croup.

Mr. Johnson says this is the best-selling rough medicine they handle, and that it gives splendid satisfaction in all cases. Sold by all druggists and dealers, Benson, Smith & Co., agents for Hawaiian Islands.

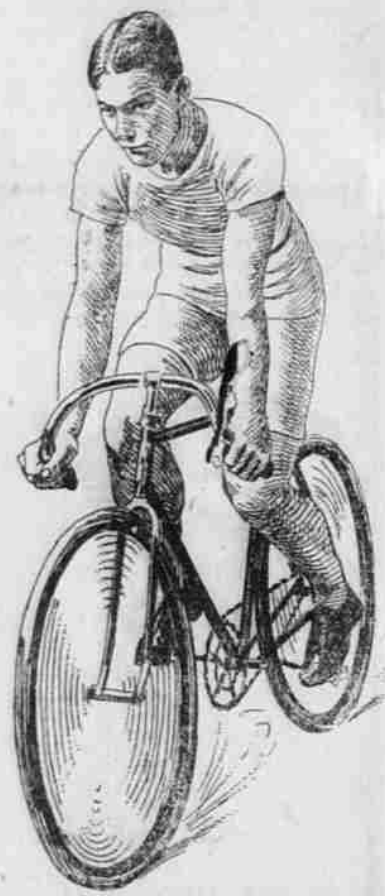
WAS GOOD RACING

Showers Did Not Spoil the Sport.

WERE A FEW SURPRISES

Martin's Speed—Henry Giles in Front—Record Making Postponed.

There was a very good attendance at Cyclomere park Tuesday night notwithstanding the inclement weather. A slight sprinkle before the beginning of the events was all the water that fell on the track during the program. The Hawaiian National band, stationed toward the front at the Waikiki end of



GEO. MARTIN (BRONZE).
(Photo by Williams).

the grandstand, furnished the music during the evening. The next events will occur on Saturday night. Bright moonlight and positively no rain, are among the things promised for that night.

The evening opened with the mile greenhorn race in which there were six entries. Tom Lloyd's quick pace did not amount to much and G. Erickson won in 2:45 3-5. Lloyd, second. In the first heat of the two-thirds of a mile professional Martin finished winner in 1:48 4-5. Whitman, second. Whitman surprised Sylvia by one of his own style of spurts taking Martin along with him. Sylvia could not recover in time to face the situation and finished last.

In the second heat Jones, Sharrick and Sylvester were entered. It is needless to say, the race was between the first two men alone. Although Sharrick crawled up beautifully on Jones' big lead he could not catch him. Jones, first, 1:50; Sharrick, second.

The final heat was paced by Lishman and Harvey on a tandem. Martin, Jones and Whitman contested. Jones winning out in beautiful style. Martin, second. Whitman met with an accident in the first lap. He fell and his wheel went partly into the water. A scratch on the arm was the only hurt sustained. Time, 1:31.

There were five entries in the first heat of the one-third mile amateur. H. Giles came in first, F. Damon, second. Time, 50 seconds.

Jackson, Walker and King were in the second heat. King did not allow his opponents to come anywhere near him at the finish and won in 53 seconds with Walker second.

In the final heat, Damon, King, Giles and Walker came to the goal. Walker got a big lead and won in 59 seconds; King, second.

The exhibition races by Damon and Martin, respectively, were declared off. The track was in no shape for record making.

"Tribby" Fowler appeared in excellent spirits and brought forth the usual applause at his clever tricks.

The last race on the program was the half-mile amateur handicap. There were six entries in the first heat with handicaps all the way from 20 to 50 yards. Fred Damon was scratch man, Giles won first place and Damon, second. Time, 1:13 1-5.

There were four entries in the second heat. T. V. King was scratch man. Jackson's handicap of 50 yards proved too much for the bunch and he won out in 1:13 1-5 with King, second.

In the final Giles, Damon, Jackson and King were entered. Damon proved his claim to the title of a fast rider, winning in 1:11 with H. Giles a close second.

The races of the evening were run off in an entirely satisfactory manner, the riders appearing on the track when the judges' bell sounded and the officers of the track doing their work quickly, precisely and with very little ado.

New Architect.

It is the intention of Mr. Traphagen, the Duluth, Minn., architect who arrived on the Miowera, to locate in Honolulu. He was here several months ago and during his stay became very much attached to the place. He will go into business here.

The baking powder that does the most work to the cent.

Schilling's Best—at your grocer's.

We Don't Want Your Money!

Your Promise to Pay A LITTLE EVERY MONTH is what we would like.



BUY A SEWING MACHINE

On the Instalment Plan. We are Sole Agents for the two Best Makes, viz:

"WHEELER & WILSON" AND THE "DOMESTIC."

Both of which we Guarantee.

All kinds of Machine Needles and Machine Parts kept in stock or imported to order.

Honolulu.

L. B. KERR, Sole Agent.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED. A SUPPLY OF THE

SPECIAL IMPROVED

Aluminum Cane Knife

Which we have had manufactured for this market. It is light, well balanced, and specially tempered. The great success attained by the

NEW IMPROVED

Planters' Hoe

Gives us confidence to recommend this new Cane Knife.

We have lately received a large supply of Carpenter's and Mechanics' Tools, Shelf Hardware, Portable Forges, Anvils, Vises, Road Scrapers, Stone, Blacksmith and Drill Hammers, Etc. Also a line of

Toledo Razor-Blade Pocket Knives.

KINDLY CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

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California Fertilizer Works

OFFICE: 527 Merchant St., San Francisco, Cal.

FACTORIES: South San Francisco and Berkeley, Cal.

J. E. MILLER, MANAGER.

MANUFACTURERS OF PURE BONE FERTILIZERS AND PURE BONE MEAL.

.....DEALERS IN.....

Fertilizer Materials!

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Have constantly on hand the following goods adapted to the Island trade:

HIGH GRADE CANE MANURE, FERTILIZERS, NITRATE OF SODA, SULPHATE OF AMMONIA, HIGH GRADE SULPHATE OF POTASH, FISH GUANO, WOOL DUST, ETC

Special Manures Manufactured to Order.

The manures manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS are made entirely from clean bone treated with acid, Dry Blood and Flesh, Potash and Magnesia Salts. No adulteration of any kind is used, and every ton is sold under a guaranteed analysis. One ton or one thousand tons are almost exactly alike, and for excellent mechanical condition and high analysis have no superior in the market.

The superiority of Pure Bone over any other Phosphate Material for Fertilizer use is so well known that it needs no explanation.

The large and constantly increasing demand for the Fertilizers manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS is the best possible proof of their superior quality.

A Stock of these Fertilizers will be kept Constantly on Hand and for sale on the usual terms, by

C. Brewer & Co., Ltd.

HONOLULU AGENTS CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS.



H. Hackfeld & Co.

Are just in receipt of large importations by their iron bark "Paul Isenberg" and "J. C. Pinger" from Europe and by a number of vessels from America, consisting of a large and

Complete Assortment

DRY GOODS

Such as Prints, Ginghams, Cottons, Sheetings, Denims, Tickings, Regattas, Drills, Mosquito Netting, Curtains, Lawns.

A FINE SELECTION OF Dress Goods, Zephyrs, Etc.,

IN THE LATEST STYLES.

A splendid line of Flannels, Black and Colored Merinos and Cashmeres, Satins, Velvets, Flashes, Crapes, Etc.

Tailors' Goods.

A FULL ASSORTMENT.

Silvestras, Sleeve Linings, Stiff Linen, Italian Cloth, Moleskins, Melons, Serge, Kamagarris, Etc.

Clothing, Underwear, Shawls,

Blankets, Quilts, Towels, Table Covers, Napkins, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Hosiery, Hats, Umbrellas, Rugs and Carpets, Ribbons, Laces and Embroideries, Cutlery, Perfumery, Soaps, Etc.

A Large Variety of Saddles,

Vienna and Iron Garden Furniture, Reclining and Seiler Pianos, Iron Bedsteads, Etc., Etc. American and European Groceries, Liquors, Beers and Mineral Waters, Oils and Paints, Cautic Soda, Sugar, Rice and Cabbages.

Sail Twine and Wrapping Twine, Wrapping Paper, Burlaps, Filter-press Cloth, Roofing-slates, Square and Arch Firebricks, Lubricating Grease.

Sheet Zinc, Sheet Lead, Plain Galvanized Iron (best and 3d best), Galvanized Corrugated Iron, Steel Rails (18 and 20), Railroad Bolts, Spikes and Fishplates.

Railroad Steel Sleepers, Market Baskets, Demijohns and Corks, Also, Hawaiian Sugar and Rice; Golden Gate, Diamond, Sperry's, Merchant's and El Dorado Flour, Salmon, Corned Beef, Etc.

For Sale on the Most Liberal Terms and at the Lowest Prices by

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DETROIT JEWEL STOVES

We are celebrating the successful introduction of "JEWEL" Stoves and Ranges by giving purchasers out of Honolulu a special benefit of a Freight Rebate of 10 per cent. off the regular price of all our stoves: In addition to which you get the usual 5 per cent. cash discount.

Our complete stock of 150 stoves, ranging in price from \$11 to \$72—with another 150 now on the way, comprises the following:

MERIT JEWEL RANGE.

1 size, 4 styles, with Water Coil.

EMPIRE JEWEL RANGE.

1 size, 3 styles, with Water Coil; 1 size, 1 style, with or without Water Coil.

CITY JEWEL RANGE.

2 sizes, 3 styles with or without Water Coil, and with or without Hot Water Reservoir.

WELCOME JEWEL STOVE.

2 sizes, with or without Reservoir.

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3 sizes, with or without Reservoir.

MESQUITE JEWEL STOVE.

2 sizes: No. 7 and No. 8.

W. W. DIMOND & CO.

HONOLULU.

WILL NOT DOUBLE

Is No Plan on Foot to Swell
Ewa.

A DIRECTOR'S PLAIN TALK

Subject Has Not Yet Been Considered—“If Annexation Comes”
The Stock Market.

“If the capital of Ewa Plantation company is to be doubled,” said Mr. J. B. Atherton last evening, “we of the corporation know nothing of it.” Mr. Atherton was surprised to learn that such a statement had been published. The yarn was characterized by other gentlemen interested in Ewa as the invention of speculators.

One of the heaviest holders in Ewa and a member of the directory commented as follows: “The subject has never been considered at a meeting of the representatives of the stockholders. Of course there has been talk on the outside. Nothing has been said or done by responsible men to warrant the bold announcement made in a local paper.

“In time there may possibly be a change in the organization of the company. You can say that nothing will be undertaken for several months. If annexation takes place the corporation here may be dissolved and a California charter secured. But those who desired even this might not be able to effect it. Perhaps a more satisfactory local arrangement could be effected. If the Hawaiian Government remains as it is there is little likelihood of any alteration at all in the present status of the company. There has been made on the outside the suggestion that it would be well to double up the stock. However this proposal will bear close scrutiny and there will be considerable hesitation before such a thing will be attempted. We do not care to even approach the appearance of corporation methods that have become notorious. The Ewa Plantation company has more than \$2,000,000 of property, while the capitalization is but half that sum. Still, that is no forceful reason for increasing. Ewa is all right as it is.”

Jas. F. Morgan sold Ewa stock at auction yesterday for \$310 a share, par \$100. Willard Brown took five shares at the big figure. This has been the ruling figure of private sales for some days.

Three lots of Makaweli were disposed of to the highest bidder. A. J. Campbell took twelve at \$111. Dr. C. A. Peterson took ten shares at the same figure. Mr. J. B. Atherton took the remainder of the block, forty-five shares, at \$110.

Oahu assessable, \$35 paid up, sold for \$50. Mr. J. B. Atherton took ten shares. No more were offered.

Pacific Sugar Mill, which is said to have paid 50 per cent a year for twelve years, went at \$301. Geo. D. Gear, the lawyer, took the five shares sold.

Twelve shares of Inter-Island Steam Navigation company stock went at \$125 “to order.”

Mr. Morgan bid in five shares of Waimanalo at \$150 for himself.

There were no bids on Ice or Soap stock. The former is selling in the open market at \$110.

Makaweli is the only stock that has gone back. Only a couple of weeks ago it was sold for \$121. No reason is offered for the marked decline. Heavy holders believe there will be dividend on the next occasion of disbursing of 20 to 30 per cent.

BESTED AT LAST.

Nest of Kauai Law Breakers Broken Up.

“Bibi” Sheldon, is now deputy sheriff at Hanalei, on the island of Kauai. Wherever stationed he has proven himself an alert and active official. Mr. Sheldon won his spurs on the Honolulu Police force many years ago. Since that period he has been Sheriff at Wailua and Waianae, Oahu, and chief customs officer at Lahaina, Maui.

It was while at Waianae, on this island, that Mr. Sheldon was so prominently identified with the capture of the schooner Henrietta and her cargo of opium. Most of the men who had charge of the craft and the drug are still “on the reef” and Mr. Sheldon reaped the joys of a goodly share in the large reward. It was also during the stay at Waianae, that this officer stopped liquor dealing and manufacture and the smoking of opium, to the extent that old residents of the district thought the millennium had arrived. At Lahaina he kept track of the smugglers and their goods. It is said that a hui of very heavy dealers in the contraband at one time put a price on Sheldon's head and talked seriously of importing a highlander from San Francisco to put him out of the way.

Something has now been accomplished by Sheldon on Kauai that beats all records in the particular field. A certain che fa and opium dealing combination defied at least two of this officer's predecessors and had things entirely their own way for nearly ten years.

The house used by the Chinese was in the center of a tract of several hundred acres of rice patches. The land is quite level and the view from the headquarters was entirely clear. A policeman could be seen half a mile away. Officers disguised as women

failed on the job and on one occasion the bold gamblers beat a policeman and carried him to the edge of their compound.

Sheldon somehow managed to get two policemen secreted near the house on a dark night. One was in a small banana patch and the other in an outbuilding. Before they began gambling operations for the evening the Chinese sent their guards out skirmishing. Two of the sentries found the man in the banana patch, but he covered them with a pistol and marched them around to where his companion was hidden. The officers then quickly convinced the Chinese that the latter had best lead them into the house. Entrance was made quietly and a complete surprise effected. The colony was panic stricken. Twenty-nine prisoners were taken by the two native policemen. Such a haul was never before made in the Islands. A considerable sum of money was found, all the gambling tools known to the Chinese and a cart-load of opium and pipes. There has been such a shaking up that it is believed the days of the notorious den are over. Sheldon, it is reported in official circles is to be promoted. One of his aides was Robert Waialeale, who was at one time a policeman at Waianae and who afterwards qualified to practice before the lower courts. He is an exceptionally bright young native.

SHIFTING SANDS.

Deadly and Treacherous Crossing of the Waipa River.

The body of young Kakina, reported in this paper as having come into contact with a quicksand in the Waipa river not long ago, has never been recovered.

The Waipa river is a most treacherous place. Until recently there was a bridge over which people could pass from Waipa to Hanalei but that has been washed away and now travelers must wade across. The quicksands formed there shift from place to place so that there is no telling when a person crossing over may be entrapped. White men, Chinamen and natives have been lost in the same manner as Kakina.

Coffee Investigation.

A. W. Cornelius, the man who came here from Alameda, Cal., for the purpose of looking into the coffee industry both on his own account and that of his friends at home, left for San Francisco on the barkentine S. G. Wilder yesterday afternoon. In a conversation, Mr. Cornelius expressed himself as highly pleased with the prospects here but could not say whether he would return to the Islands or not. His recommendation to people in the States, interested in coffee, will be a good one.

Maui's Sheriff

Sheriff Baldwin of Maui left for Molokai on the steamer Mokoli Monday evening. He went direct to Molokai to attend to business matters. From there, he will return to his home on Maui. Sheriff Baldwin was down here to be present at the damage suit, entered against Mr. King and himself by S. Ahmi. The case having gone over until the next term, Sheriff Baldwin made haste to return to his duties.

Coffee Shipped.

The S. G. Wilder's cargo for San Francisco is as follows: 13,612 bags sugar weighing 1,624,209 lbs.; valued at \$50,100.50 and shipped as follows: 6,431 bags by F. A. Schaefer & Co. and 275 do by Theo. H. Davies & Co. to Williams, Dimond & Co.; 1,000 do by Castle & Cooke and 7,000 do by C. Brewer & Co. to Welch & Co.; also 922 bags coffee by Theo. H. Davies & Co. to order.

Two Scientists.

Both Professor Koebele and Jos. Marsden are expected back here in a few weeks. They are to meet soon upon the Coast for some work for this Government. Very soon after the mainland they will depart from Honolulu for the coffee districts of Hawaii and

Maui. Professor Koebele, who has lately been in Mexico, will give some new methods on dealing with blight and some new ideas on coffee culture. Mr. Marsden will further advise the planters and will as well gather material for addition to his biennial report.

The Stone Chapel.

The beautiful and costly new stone chapel at Kamehameha is now in use. It will be formally dedicated on Founder's Day, December 19. In time there will be a pastor at the Hawaiian College. This was the plan of Mr. Chas. R. Bishop, when the provision was made for the chapel. There are several applicants for the place, but no selection will be made by the trustees for some time. The effort will be to secure a bright, cultivated and useful man without especial regard to denomination. It is mentioned that no new religious ideas will be presented to the students.



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Especially Adapted to Centrifugal Machinery and High Speed Engines.

CAPITOL CYLINDER.

For Cylinders, Etc.

CASTOR MINERAL.

For Steam Plows.

SUMMER BLACK.

For Car Boxes, Etc.

—ALSO—

Coal Tar, Stockholm Tar, Fire Clay.

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GRAPHITE COMPOUND.

For Bearings.

DIXON'S BELT DRESSING.
Containing nothing injurious to the leather; Strengthens it and prevents from slipping.

GRAPHITE PAINT.

For Iron Roofs, Smokestacks, Boilers. All iron-work exposed to heat or wet; Also for exposed wood-work, such as bridges, houses, piles, etc.

Color Cards and Directions on application.

GRAPHITE is one of the purest forms of carbon and is impervious to heat, cold, alkali, salt air, acids and rust, and it is claimed will last longer than any other paint.



SENOR JOSE CONGOSTO.

Senor Congosto is the Spanish consul in the investigation of the death of Dr. Ruiz, an American citizen, in a Cuban jail. W. J. Calhoun is probing the matter for the United States.

HENRY WATERHOUSE. ARTHUR B. WOOD. HENRY WATERHOUSE, JR.

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Commission AND GENERAL BUSINESS AGENTS.

We present numerous individuals who live in Honolulu or on the other Islands, and it is our purpose to please our patrons at whatever cost to ourselves. If you desire responsible agents to look after your interests, and at a reasonable commission, we shall be pleased to interview you personally, or give immediate reply to correspondence on the subject.

Henry Waterhouse & Co.

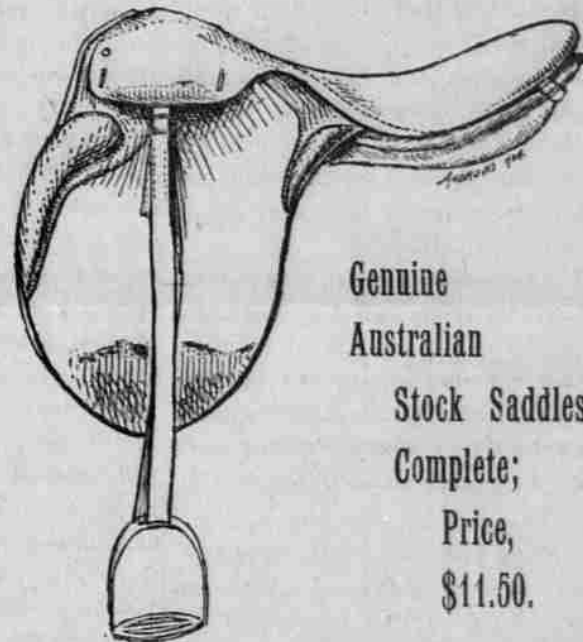
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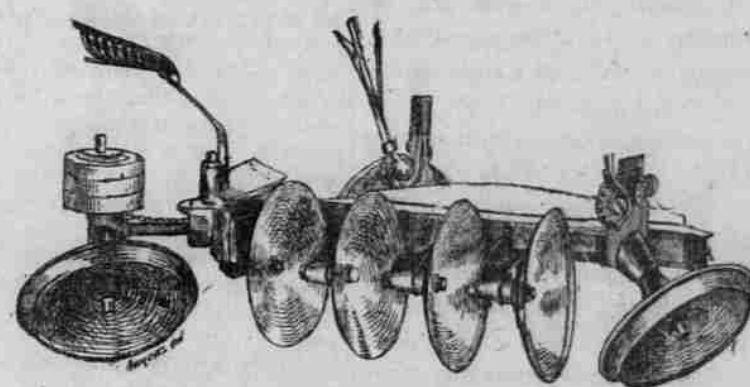
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THE SPALDING-ROBBINS 4-DISC PLOW.



“Hilo Sugar Company.
“Wai naku, Hilo, Hawaii, July 3, 1897.
“T. J. King, Agent, Spalding-Robbins Disc Plow, Honolulu:
“Dear Sir:—I have used your Fou r-Disc Plow in plowing long ratoon land, and it did its work very effectively, breaking up the land much more than our ordinary plows, and leaving it in better condition.
JOHN A. SCOTT,
Manager.

A Chance for the Children.

We have just received a few dozen of the neatest thing in the way of a WIRE JUMPING ROPE, and we are going to sell all of this lot at Ten Cents Each. The regular price in New York stores on this article is 15 cents, and under usual conditions would cost more than that here; but this lot goes for 10—but only a few dozen. Let the little ones Skip and be happy.

E. O. Hall & Son, Ltd.

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EASELS,
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COLORED AND UNCOLORED.

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BALSAM OF ANISEED**
WILL CURE YOUR COUGH.

ALL THE WORLD OVER, THE RENOWNED COUGH REMEDY. Its immense sale throughout the world makes it a trustworthy name.

UNSOLICITED TESTIMONIALS.
The Dean of Westminster's Verger writes:—“I was ordered to try the Balsam of Aniseed; I did, and found it very good indeed. It is most refreshing in allaying irritation and giving strength to the voice.”

LOVELL BACON, Esq., the eminent actor writes:—“I think it an invaluable medicine for members of my profession, and have always recommended it to my brother and sister artists.”

Mr. THOMAS HUGHES, Chemist, London, October 1st, 1894, writes:—“I have consumed my first-second year in bottles of Aniseed; I can bear up better, giving me your Balsam for coughs and colds nearly 24 years ago. My chest and voice are as sound as a bell now.”

LOSENS THE PHLEGM IMMEDIATELY. NIGHT COUGH QUICKLY RELIEVED. SEE TRADE MARK AS ABOVE ON EACH WRAPPER.

See the words “Thomas Powell, Blackfriars Road, London,” on the Government Stamp.

Refuse Imitations. Established 1824. SQUATTERS AND FARMERS WHOY ORDERING THEIR STORES SHOULD NOT Omit THIS TIME-HONORED COUGH REMEDY.

FOR A COUGH.

POWELL'S BALSAM OF ANISEED.

FOR ASTHMA, INFLUENZA, &c.

SOLD BY CHEMISTS AND STOREKEEPERS THROUGHOUT THE AUSTRALIAN, NEW ZEALAND, and CAFE COLONIES.

Bottles 1s. 1d., 2s. 6d., and 4s. 6d.

Agents for Hawaiian Islands:

HOLLISTER DRUG CO., LTD.

BENSON, SMITH & CO.

HOBSON DRUG CO.

CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

Are warranted

to cure Gravel, Gout, Rheumatism, and all the troubles of the Urinary System. Established upwards of 30 years. In boxes 4s. 6d. each, of all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World. Proprietors, The Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England.

Read the Hawaiian Gazette (Semi-Weekly).

HAWAIIAN GAZETTE.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

W. N. ARMSTRONG, EDITOR.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1897

THE BOND ISSUE.

The Government loan, taken at a premium, indicates that men who have money to lend have confidence in the stability of the Government, in its present form, or under any other form it may assume in the near future. Considering the stability of the Government, the rate of interest paid is fair, and about the same as that paid by the younger American States. No doubt there is a large amount of money held for interest, by residents of these islands, and the course and practice of all wise financial men is to invest where they reside and can keep their eyes on the investment. The success of the loans shows excellent management of our finances by the Minister of Finance, aided by a kind Providence who vouchsafed a profitable sugar crop last year.

SUGAR STOCKS.

The very agreeable way of making money by "short cuts" and without work is attracting the attention of men in this town. The dealings in stocks are not large, but the speculative feeling is spreading.

It cannot be checked. It is a part of the business life of the present generation of Americans. A few make money, but the great majority lose it. This fact influences only a few, who are by nature conservative and have the power to realize the danger of the operation.

The question of "investment" stocks in these islands is a very serious one. The surplus earnings, the principal sums of estates must be invested so as to return a fair rate of interest. But in a country whose affairs are in a transition state, there is not the security for the repayment of money, that there is in communities where there is a settled order of things. The managers of the trust companies in the East and in London, who have many millions which they are directed to invest safely, are confronted with this most serious financial problem. There is no sadder chapter on the miseries of life than that which records the investment which records the unfortunate investments made by trustees, on behalf of old people, of widows and orphans, in mortgages on Western farms and in rising and promising towns and cities. The great trans-continental railway lines have sunk and lost millions of the earnings of the poor and those in moderate circumstances.

It is a curious incident connected with large dividend-paying concerns, that, as a rule, those who should invest in them with most caution, are those who make their investments, when prices are high and perhaps inflated. Many great fortunes are made by the shrewd men who sell out to those with less experience or knowledge of the relative values of securities. Concerns that pay a large profit are exceptions and the tendency is, in all business, to equalize profits.

As every one knows, or ought to know, the sugar industry here depends for its prosperity upon American legislation. In the event of annexation, it will continue to be largely dependent upon legislation. In order to reach a correct estimate of the value of the sugar interests, or of sugar stocks, in the future, a close study of economic legislation is necessary. That legislation is mainly dependent on popular will and not on wise economic laws.

There is, beyond doubt, a widespread belief of the average American people, especially in the younger States, that the Government can make the people rich and happy if it chooses to do so. If prosperity exists during an Administration, it is credited with it. If adversity exists, it is charged with it, accused of incompetence and turned out of office. The holding of the Government, which is after all, only the people, responsible for prosperity or adversity, prevents the study of economic laws, and brings about vacillating legislation.

Owing to the new conditions of sugar production, its fast development in Europe, the cheapness with which it can be produced, the wide spread interest taken in the sugar beet in so many of the American States, the question of the value of sugar stocks, as a permanent investment, is a very serious one. It is especially so to those who are providing for old age, or for widows and children. If possible, the investment for the benefit of such persons should be made here so as to avoid the suffering and poverty of so many thousands of old people and widows in America, whose limited resources have been invested in apparently good securities, but which, judged coldly by wide financial experience, have a most uncertain value.

Senator Morgan does not put the highest estimate upon the moral worth of his colleagues and fellow politicians in the United States. In the "States Duty," for October, he says in an article on Hawaii, "if either of our political parties knew to a certainty that the annexation of Hawaii as a State would add to its strength in the Houses of Congress, all racial objections, and all objections based on the 'solidarity' nation and as to the expansion of our borders, would disappear, so far as that party would be concerned."

SENATOR MORGAN'S VIEW.

The Senator says, in other words, that if either of the dominant parties could be sure of securing two Senators, of its own political faith, from Hawaii, in the event of annexation, it would certainly work hard to bring about that event.

This is what the moralists call "taking a low view" of the character and purposes of American statesmen. But it is undoubtedly a correct view and the Senator has the courage of his convictions in saying so. His colleagues of both parties, if they could have reached him before he wrote those lines, would have sorrowfully whispered into his ear, "don't you know better than to tell the world just how we work the 'machines'?"

James Russell Lowell, staunch Republican, one of the ripest scholars in America, and statesmen too, said of both parties in 1888: "They have been equally guilty, both have evaded, as successfully as they could, the living questions of the day."

These eminent Americans take rather gloomy, but just views of the character of their countrymen. But the working politicians smile at their wisdom, and wink the weather eye, and confidentially whisper to each other, "bother these fellows; they don't know the necessity of the machine." And they too are right in their views.

That Senator Morgan should take this view is owing to the fact that he is remarkably free from party influence. Of all the Southern Statesmen, he is the one who takes the widest view of the relation of the United States to the Orient. The fussy tom-tits of his own section do not agree with him, when he says annexation is a living question.

The statements of the Senator contain in a nut shell, the reason of the opposition of so many educated and thoughtful Republicans in the Eastern States to the annexation of Hawaii. Their party leaders, for the purpose of increasing

the number of Republican votes in the Senate, admitted a number of skeleton States in the West into the Union. But the Senators from those States instead of obeying the party leaders, became independent on the silver question, and the machine got "left." These reflecting men have become over cautious, and do not wish to see it left again, if Hawaii is admitted.

Senator Morgan sees, however, that the spirit of territorial acquisition is stronger in Congress than it is among the masses, and the questions involved are different from those raised by the skeleton States. He believes that the men in Congress will force annexation, just as Mr. Seward and his friends forced the purchase of Alaska, in spite of the popular indifference or opposition to the purchase.

ENGLAND AND EGYPT.

Lord Salisbury seems to be rather shy statesman. Recently he agreed to release to France all British rights to, or claims upon Tunis. The British Press got dreadfully excited about it. Even the Tory Press talked to him as if he was lost to all sense of decency, and had made the agreement with France, after he had been to a luncheon, and had come home late at night full of "hygienic hilarity." But, it now appears that Lord Salisbury obtained from France or got the promise, of a release of any and all claims by France upon Egypt, in exchange for the release of Tunis. If the statement is true, it means the safety of the British highway to India and the permanently wise government of Egypt.

The marked difference in the administration of foreign affairs, between America and Great Britain is, that the British Cabinet can do about as it pleases, when its party is in power. But the American Cabinet is never sure of enforcing its policy, because it is never sure of the loyalty of its own party. President McKinley is never sure that Speaker Reed will follow instructions, and Senator Perkins, a loyal Republican, kicks over the traces. The leaders of the British party in power, as Goldwin Smith shows, are as a rule, faithfully obeyed by the rank and file. If the Cabinet has settled the momentous Egyptian matter, the party behind the Cabinet endorses its action, and does not take it under consideration for months, or lay it under the table, as the American Senate treated President Grant's treaty with San Domingo.

THE GREAT FLEET.

Possibly at the exhibition of the vast naval power of Great Britain at Spithead, during the recent Jubilee in England, may be the culmination of the sea power of Great Britain. The spectacle of one hundred and sixty-five ships, extending twenty-five miles, if in line, presents altogether a fearful exposition of the power of destruction. Lord St. Vincent and Nelson, in their most feverish dreams of British power and glory, never fashioned such an array of fighting strength. For only a section of it could have annihilated in almost a moment, the combined navies of the world, during the Napoleonic times.

If there is much further advance in these naval preparations, it means that the more civilization advances, the stronger and more costly will be the means with which one civilized nation will destroy another civilized nation.

In the new countries every man is armed to the teeth. As civilization grows, the revolver and the knife disappear. The same causes will in the end work the decline and abandonment of navies.

He who commanded the most imposing fleet that the eye of man ever looked upon, now quietly walks the streets of Honolulu, as if he were merely awaiting the arrival of "the airy navies grappling in the central blue," which the Laureate of his own nation once predicted would be the conflicts of the future.

SUNDAY MUSIC.

Quite contrary to the expectations of many good people, the Sunday band concerts on Maakee Island have not promoted disorder, nor have they disturbed the residents in the neighborhood. On the

other hand, they have attracted a large number of most respectable people, who are not able to attend evening concerts during the week days. Any one who watches the people attending these Sunday concerts, will notice many men with their wives and children, who secure a pleasant, quiet and healthy outing, with the refining charm and education of music added.

The experiment, therefore, of the Sunday band concert is successful, just as it is successful in every country, because music is most civilizing.

We are told, however, that the expense of taking a family to Maakee Island, even in the tram cars, is a burden on a poor man. In addition, there is always a scramble at the end of the concert for seats in the cars, which largely disturbs the restful feeling which the change of scenery, and air, and the music induces.

For these reasons, the experiment of a Sunday concert in Thomas Square should be tried, or even in Emma Square.

A poor man with three children said on the tram car, "the missionaries drive us off to Waikiki, while they ride in carriages and burn money." There is only a partial truth in the statement, but it shows a feeling which ought not to exist, especially in a community which now has, and will hereafter have more need of the aid of every respectable working man in the town, in building barriers against hostile forces.

There is unquestionably, a gulf between a very large number of respectable white men here, and the "missionaries" and it should be closed up, and would be closed up, if there was a better knowledge on one side and more liberality on the other. There are surely many liberal minded missionaries, but a few very bigoted missionaries will create as much talk as the noise of a couple of pigs squeezing through a gate.

The missionaries should be the first to move in making the best use of the Sunday concert. It should not be left to the poor men to insist on them and then, when refused, carry their grievances into politics. The missionary should take the lead. It is the severe indictment which that noted American, Andrew D. White, brings against the Church, that reforms and progress in civilization are made outside, and not inside the Church. There is a partial truth in it.

The question of Sunday concerts is not one of principle, but the application of principle. The use of tram cars, on Sunday here and in the United States, was at first made a question of principle. But after much most unseemly wrangling among good people, it was decided that the principal of Sunday observance did not forbid the use of Sunday tram cars, and here and elsewhere, the use of animals on Sunday is general, in spite of the Commandment that the working of animals on the Sabbath day is specially designated as an offense.

Those who use horses and mules on Sunday, though positively forbidden by Divine law, should not object to the refining influence of music on that day, especially as Moses carefully omitted any reference to band concerts in the Law.

This would be a world less conspicuous for unhappiness, if men and women who publicly profess themselves to be good or religious, studied the environments of their poorer neighbors and were always swift to discover means for making their daily lives less cold and monotonous.

The Planters' Monthly for October contains a number of articles, which should be read by all who take an interest in our agricultural development. One on the "Grafting of the Sugar Cane" is especially interesting, as by doing it, some years ago, a plant was obtained which has produced the remark-

able crops at Pahala. An article on "Fiji" says that the authorities there are urged to take measures to develop the local industries of the island. The Monthly quotes from the Nineteenth Century, a review of the situation of the West Indies, and the terrible financial outlook. It is stated that "some of the most fertile and beautiful islands in the world are steadily slipping away from the control of the higher race." The rich sugar planters in the past, refused to establish diversified industries, because it was "missionary work." The lower races have overwhelmed them and even with all the naval power of England to enforce law and order, it seems to be impossible to do it.

Our evening cotemporary need not be disturbed about that frightful "anti-annexation" article of ours, which the Springfield Republican quotes. The same article was alluded to by the N. Y. Evening Post (and Nation) at the time it published Mr. Damon's speech on the ratification of the treaty by the Senate; and added that "the other members of the Cabinet followed in the same strain." It called the attention of the annexationists in America to these speeches, and shouted: "There, don't you see, they say that Hawaii cannot stand alone, and if she can't govern herself how is she fit to become a part of the United States? Is she fit for annexation?" As both the Post and our cotemporary choose to intentionally misunderstand the Ministers and the Advertiser, we can only say of them as the farmer said of his pig, "whichever way I point he always goes contrary."

Perhaps somebody will buy and take away that parrot, swinging and screeching "anti-annexation, anti-annexation," with a strong British accent, in its cage, hanging in Fort street. If it had the Yankee twang, we would have recognized a pretty honest sort of bird.

The canny Scotchmen have been caught napping in Glasgow. The iron masters made a "combine" when the city corporation asked for bids for a very large amount of iron water pipe, and their bid was a stiff one. To their surprise, on the opening of the bids, it was found that an American firm had offered to supply the pipes at \$5 per ton less than any of the bids of the home producers. A tremendous row was made about awarding the bid to foreigners, but the Glasgow corporation, not believing in the practical politics of paying more to the home producer for an article than the lowest price offered, is disposed to accept the American bid in spite of protests.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Godfrey Rhodes' Estate—Land Suit—Murder Case.

The will of Godfrey Rhodes has been admitted to probate. The estate consists of \$24,000 real and \$500 personal. Judgment was entered in the case of Julia Spooner Rice vs. Jonathan Spooner Tuesday. The plaintiff is to recover the land under dispute except a portion to which the plaintiff has filed a discontinuance, and \$1,629.72 damages. The defendant has filed a motion for new trial.

Ekekela Malani has filed demurrer to the complaint filed by James M. Monsarrat.

W. A. Wright, a bankrupt, has filed a petition for discharge of his debts. In the case of the Republic vs. Ah Ping, unlawful possession of opium, appealed from the District of Honolulu, a nolle prosequi was entered and defendant discharged.

J. H. Fisher, defendant in the suit brought against him by J. M. McChesney for trover, has moved the Court for leave to file a second plea.

The suit brought by Theo. C. Porter against J. A. King, receiver, and J. K. Sumner, has been continued to the February term, 1898.

The case of the Republic vs. G. Malina and six others for murder in the second degree was before Judge Perry. At 11 o'clock a. m. the members of the jury were taken in carriages to the scene of the killing.

Manuel Silva filed an answer to the complaint of Antonio Fernandes in his suit in equity.

Lo Sin and Ah Fat were sentenced to 45 days on the reef Wednesday. Unlawful possession of opium was the charge. Ah Koon was sentenced on a similar charge to pay a fine of \$250 and imprisonment for three months.

J. A. King has filed his accounts as receiver of the estate of J. K. Sumner. The case of W. H. Cummings vs. C. Holt was continued by Judge Stanley to next term on motion yesterday.

The Kaneohe Ranch Company has filed an answer to the complaint of Mary E. Foster.

Henry Smith has filed his Master's report on the report of the trustees of the Bernice Pauahi Bishop estate.

Isabel E. Davis has filed a motion for additional attorney's fees.

Kerosene is Up.

There is again an upward flurry in the kerosene market. The price last evening was \$2.50 per case. A very heavy dealer on Fort street said there would doubtless be a further advance. It is only a few days ago that the figure was \$2.25. The next heavy shipment is expected by the Iolani, which may not be long for a month. Meantime the price will depend on the speculators and the consignments from San Francisco.

HAS GONE TO HILO

Mr. James T. Stacker Accepts New Position.

Former Associates on Advertiser Present Him With an Umbrella.

Mr. James T. Stacker, for the past two years City Editor of the Advertiser, left on the Kinau yesterday for Hilo, to become the Editor of the Hawaii Herald. He will enter upon the duties of his new position immediately.

Mr. Stacker's ability as a newspaper man, and a writer, an all-round newspaper man, made him a valuable man for the Advertiser. He had the faculty of making many friends, whose esteem he won, and of gaining the confidence of business men and Government officials who knew that they could discuss their affairs with him freely, traits absolutely essential to success as a newspaper man.

His ability was recognized in other parts of the islands as well as in Honolulu, and when, on a recent visit to Hilo, the owners of the Hawaii Herald made him a better offer to become that paper's editor than the one's previously made, he accepted, and at once resigned his position on the Advertiser. He leaves many friends among the newspaper fraternity and his associates and the Honolulu public.

Previous to Mr. Stacker's departure for Hilo yesterday morning, the employees of the Gazette Company presented him with an umbrella as a remembrance of his work with them and a reminder that there is not always sunshine on the big island. On the handle of the umbrella was engraved the following: "Presented to James T. Stacker by the employees of the Hawaiian Gazette Company, Ltd., November 2, 1897."

Mr. C. G. Ballentyne, Manager of the Gazette Company made an appropriate speech and also presented Mr. Stacker with the following letter, printed on satin:

"Honolulu, H. I., Nov. 2, 1897.

"Mr. J. T. Stacker,

"Dear Sir and Friend: Your associates in the service of the Hawaiian Gazette Company regret very much the termination of our close pleasant relations. We wish to congratulate you upon your election to a higher position and upon the prospects which we are confident your ability will turn to advantage. We have found you a friend worth having and as a slight evidence of the esteem in which we hold you, we ask you to accept the token here presented. With it goes our heartiest 'Aloha' for the welfare of yourself and family.

"Your friends,
"EMPLOYEES HAWAIIAN GAZETTE COMPANY, LTD."

Takes off Two Crops.

Mr. Putnam, the chemist from the States, who first came to Ewa last season, gets a good deal of experience in his business in the course of a year. After he had finished here a few months ago, he received an offer from Louisiana to return to that section and take off the crop for a plantation, in which his father is interested. There was delay in reaching the scene of the work, on account of the yellow fever and quarantine. Late letters from Mr. Putnam tell that his arrangements were finally carried out, and that he will be back here in time to start in on the new season at Ewa.

Maile Wreath.

The regular monthly meeting of the Hawaiian Mission Children's Society will be held on the evening of Saturday, November 6, at 7:30 o'clock, at the house of Mr. W. A. Bowen. A literary program will be furnished by the Maile Wreath committee.

Sales Talk

With Hood's Sarsaparilla, "Sales Talk," and show that this medicine has enjoyed public confidence and patronage to a greater extent than any other proprietary medicine. This is because it possesses greater medicinal merit and produces greater cures than any other. It is not what we say, but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that

Tells the Story.

All advertisements of Hood's Sarsaparilla, like Hood's Sarsaparilla itself, are honest. We have never deceived the public, and this with its superlative medicinal merit, is why the people have abiding confidence in it, and buy Hood's Sarsaparilla almost to the exclusion of all others.

Customers Want Hood's.

"We order Hood's Sarsaparilla in large quantities and it is the only blood purifier which a druggist can buy in large quantities without risk. It is selling very rapidly and customers who buy it once are sure to call for Hood's the next time. We believe Hood's Sarsaparilla must possess true merit in order to retain its popularity. Its sales exceed all similar preparations and its praises are often heard." L. SOMMER & SON, Springfield, Illinois. Thousands of druggists say the same.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

HOBBON DRUG COMPANY, Wholesale Agents.

THE SIGNALS NOW

Finishing Work of Training Football Men.

Interest in the Series is Growing. Town, Punahou and Regiment. One Accident So Far.

The football fever is upon the town and nearly every enthusiast is having a rossette of favorite colors. The ladies are particularly interested—some in one special team, but the majority, in some special one on a team. Nothing gives an enthusiastic football girl such a thrill of pleasure as to see some one she thinks quite a good deal of, tackle around the waist—a hard runner on the other side or to see that same dirt covered individual making his way around the right or left end, taking the ball a long way towards the goal. The boys do not look at all handsome, but they are graceful in their movements and then the good strong muscles are all there.

The Honolulu football players have not the reputation of being rough such as the members of some of the teams in the States. Indeed they are decidedly gentle players and as long as this is kept up they will have the support of the pleasure-loving public.

Just now, of course, the players are all very busy practicing. Nothing certain can be predicted. The players of this year's teams are all very plucky men. In the Town and Punahou teams, most of the men have played before. In the Regiment team most of the men are new players, barring last year's experience.

When it comes to a matter of weight in the rush line, the Regiments probably have the best of it. The Town team comes next and the Punahou last. However, there is not so much difference in the average.

Much attention of late has been given the matter of signals. On Wednesday night the Town team spent three hours in the Y. M. C. A. indulging in the practice of signals and the playing of basket ball to improve the wind. Last evening, the Regiment team practiced on signals altogether. It might be said here that their play is faster and much more spirited than a week ago and their interference is fine.

The Punahou boys are perhaps the most conservative of the three teams in the matter of practice. They keep everything to themselves and play ball for all that is in them. They have had a valuable addition in the persons of John Soper and Sam Johnson who played on the Regiment team last year. Wilfred Greenwell met with a painful accident on Wednesday afternoon. He kicked at the ball but hit the ground with his big toe thereby disabling him for a while.

The Town team is most unfortunate in the fact that it is to lose George Angus, one of the half backs whose intention it is to go to Hawaii on business. It is most likely that Joe Conrad will take his place. The latter was out for practice last evening.

After the game between the Regiments and Punahou on Saturday afternoon, the Town team will indulge in practice.

Neither the Town nor the Regiment team will give out the names of its players yet. They prefer to wait until the last moment as a change might take place even up to the last hour.

The playing grounds have been laid out with the goals facing the grandstand so that the plays can be seen better than last year.

Healani Dancing Party.

There is a good time on at the Healani Yacht and Boat club house to night. A subscription dance has been provided for and those who would like to while away the time in the entrancing swing of the waltz, in the enjoyment of the moonlight with music for an accompaniment, or a spin in one of the numerous boats that will be on hand, need only apply to one of the members of the club for a ticket and all will be accomplished. Dancing will begin at 8 o'clock. Those who have not tickets may purchase the same at the door.

In Battle Line.

The first battalion was fortunate enough to escape a wetting last evening. Major Jones was compelled to leave early to attend to some court work as stenographer. This left Captain Zeigler in command. He gave the boys a lively evening. Much of the work was in open order. A line of battle was formed and there were charges and flank movements. The turnout was a good one and the boys seemed to enjoy the quick work in the cool evening.

To His Love.

(Smith of Alameda). In the gloaming, while we rest, love, Do not think it strange of me, If for all meals I suggest, love, That hereafter we use tea.

Tea we know to meals gives zest, love—Fragrant, grateful, cheering tea; But it must be Schilling's Best, love, Best for you, and Best for me.

A Cruelty Case.

Paawela, one of the Hawaiian Tramways bus drivers was ordered arrested yesterday forenoon by Marshal Brown on the charge of cruelty to animals. He was caught driving a sick mule. His case was brought up in the Police Court in the afternoon. Paawela pleaded guilty and sentence was suspended in his case.

Will Have a Light List.

The next visit of the Board of Health to the Molokai settlement will be made this month. One of the island steamers will be chartered for the trip. It is the intention to limit the number of passengers. None will be allowed to make the voyage unless there are claims which cannot in justice be disregarded.

KAUAI IS DISLIKED

Defense Will Ask for Change of Venue.

Attorneys in the Murder Trial Interviewed—Witnesses. The Jury.

A. G. M. Robertson and Antonio Rosa are preparing to make a hard fight for the defense in the great murder trial soon to open on Kauai. The charge is the assassination of Dr. J. K. Smith. Prisoners, together with witnesses, are now in Oahu jail.

W. A. Kinney will represent the Government. Deputy Attorney-General Dole will also be in attendance in the interest of the state. W. O. Smith will have no part in the case. All concerned in the trial will leave for Kauai next Tuesday. The special term of court opens at Lihue on Wednesday, the 19th inst. Judge Hardy will preside. There will be no evening sessions. It is believed that the end can be reached in a week.

A motion is to be made for a change of venue. This information first came to the Advertiser from the prosecution. It was confirmed by the other side. The defense does not believe that an unprejudiced hearing can be had so near the scene of the crime so soon after its commission. A determined effort will be made to bring the case to Honolulu or at least to take it from Kauai.

The State's attorneys will oppose the motion for a change of venue. Mr. Kinney so stated yesterday. He contended that they believed a fair trial could be had in Lihue at the special term. He said he would agree to transfer if it was shown that there was marked or fixed bias. Mr. Kinney said the decision would rest entirely with Judge Hardy and that he would be entirely satisfied with that jurist's conclusion.

In a conversation Mr. Robertson complained that he did not have access to the witnesses now "on the reef." He said the prosecution would permit him to interview but one of the number. Mr. Robertson was very plain and positive in giving this grievance. Mr. Kinney on the other hand claims that he is acting within the law and only shrugs his shoulders when the other lawyer presses the complaint. An attorney outside the case, but very well acquainted on Kauai advanced the idea that there might be failure to secure a jury on the island. This would naturally force the case elsewhere for trial. This attorney added that if the prosecution's motion was overruled by Judge Hardy he presumed Messrs. Robertson and Rosa would use every endeavor to show that none of the talesmen were proper material for the jury box.

JONES AND SHARRICK.

The Pair Are Matched for Best Two in Three Miles.

"Honolulu, H. L. Nov. 3, 1897.

"We, the undersigned, hereby agree to ride a match race of one mile, best two in three beats at Cyclomere park, Saturday evening, November 6, 1897, for a purse of \$200, seventy-five per cent. to the winner and 25 per cent. to the loser.

"We further agree to deposit \$25 each to insure good racing and fulfillment of this agreement, the deposit to be placed in the hands of C. L. Clement, Manager, on or before Friday, November 6, at 12 o'clock noon.

(Signed) ALLAN N. JONES.

(Signed) GEO. SHARRICK.

"Witnesses: "C. L. CLEMENT, "ST. C. SAYERS."

Mr. Clement and Mr. Conkling succeeded in arranging the above match yesterday. There will be much interest in the meeting of these men. While Sharrick is called Champion, he has a record very little better than Jones.

Following are the events for the meeting at Cyclomere, Saturday night: Mile novice. Half-mile handicap. Mile open, boys. 2-3 mile open—paced amateur. Match race, Sharrick and Jones. Exhibition 1-3 mile, Geo. Martin, paced by Fowler and Whitman. Exhibition 1-3 mile, Fred. Damon, paced by Lyle and Porter.

First President Dole.

Miss Martha Chamberlain lectured at Punahou yesterday morning. Her subject was "Early Punahou." The speaker was a member of the entering class and well remembers the first president, Mr. Dole, father of Sanford B. Dole. Miss Chamberlain was afterwards a teacher at Punahou. Her reminiscences were very interesting.

Coroner's Verdict.

The coroner's jury in the case of the death of Anne Ludecks met in the Deputy Marshal's office at 9 a. m. yesterday. Dr. Emerson made his report on the finding in the post mortem examination and the jury, after due deliberation, decided that deceased had come to her death through the disease known as fatty degeneration of the heart.

Japanese Labor.

At a second meeting on the subject, held yesterday, the Cabinet induced the players to lower the size of their requisitions for Japanese laborers. The revised lists will be presented to the Board of Immigration today and will most likely meet with ready approval. A Minister said yesterday the sugar interest was entirely willing to defer to the wishes of the Government.

For Annexation.

Chas. Achi, representative-elect, said yesterday that he wished to deny some reports to the effect that he was against annexation. He is for the closest political union of Hawaii and the United States. If there is opportunity to work to this end in the Legislature he will do so with all his might.

MR. COPP'S COFFEE

The Judge Has a Very Promising Plantation.

A Showing That Speaks Well for the Prospects on Maui Other Growers.

A Honolulu young man who has just returned from a several months' stay on Maui, comes back filled with enthusiasm at the prospect of coffee on that island. He really seems to think that both Hawaii and Oahu will see a rival in Maui in a few years.

Although a visitor at several of the small coffee plantations, he did not have much time for minute investigation. However, he saw more of Judge Copp's place than any other and has the following to say about it:

"Judge Copp, an old kamaaina, is the possessor of 20 acres of fine land in Kokomo, Makawao, Maui. Three years ago, he decided to plant the place in coffee. He had heard of coffee growing well from roots and purchased a lot of these from Puuomalei, a place near by now owned by L. von Tempel. These he planted and was most gratified in obtaining fine results. With the natural shelter of most of the place, the trees grew rapidly and a year he had a small crop.

"This year's crop has gone beyond all Mr. Copp's hopes. The trees are laden with berries. Most of these will yield on an average of three pounds of coffee apiece while the trees in the ravine, the most favored place, will yield four pounds.

"The land is very thickly planted and Judge Copp may expect to reap richly from his place. The roots which he planted were those of wild coffee, planted in Puuomalei a long time ago but allowed to take care of itself."

Awana is putting in 30 acres of coffee in Uluamui, Maui, a place well adapted to coffee culture.

Manuel Cabral is selling out his corn lands in Kula, Maui, and is going to Nahluku to plant coffee and citrus fruits. It is also his intention to start a store there. Cabral is a very energetic and enterprising Portuguese.

WILL BE WAILING.

Customs People Put an End to Popular Practices.

The customs people are to lose some of their popularity and some of their reputation for extending favors to citizens. The law on making entry for all things taken from a ship is to be enforced to the letter. Such an order was issued yesterday by Port Surveyor Stratemeyer, approved by Collector-General McStocker.

There can be no more irregular purchasing of birds, dogs, monkeys, curlics, cigars or liquors from China or other steamers. The traffic at this port in these lines has been heavy for a long time. Nothing can be sold off a boat unless the same be manifested as freight. Enforcement of the order will break up a big trade.

It has been the custom of a good many people about town to receive game, oysters, fruit, etc., from friends the States or at Vancouver "by courtesy" of the purser, the butcher, or some member of the crew. There is to be no more of this and the disappointment will be keen in some quarters.

In an interview last evening, Port Surveyor Stratemeyer said it had been found absolutely necessary to draw the line and that the stringent new rules had been the result. Indulgence had been abused to an astonishing extent. Merchants have complained bitterly especially about ice house goods.

Town visitors to the boats have gone beyond the bounds. Some men have not been content to bring off an open bottle of liquor or half a box of cigars or a couple of canaries, but have gone into business on the courtesy of the customs people.

BONNIE DUNDEE.

President and Party Have a Trip to Pearl Harbor.

A party, consisting of U. S. Minister Sewall, Consul-General Haywood, Captain Stockton of the Yorktown, George R. Carter, E. R. Adams and Andrew Adams, accompanied President Dole on a trip to Pearl Harbor on the Bonnie Dundee yesterday. There was a rough sea and plenty of wind, and the run down was made in quick time. The party cruised about the harbor and saw the Bennington survey detail at work. Lunch was served at the Peninsula. On the return trip some rough weather was experienced. The boat house was reached at about 6:30 p. m.

Honolulu Roads.

Minister King says there are about 110 miles of streets and roads in this district. This inventory includes the pali road and the routes to Moanalua and Koko head. A daily report of operations and the number of men is received by the Minister. The names of the rolls at present number in the neighborhood of 250.

French Coaches.

Mrs. W. G. Irwin's new team, now at the American stables is a pair of French coaches from stock imported to the United States. The French coach has never been seen here. He is very stylish. He steps high, has speed, is full of life, yet gentle and has a magnificent coat. In the states, at the great horse shows, fanciers rave over the French coaches. They are rare as well as valuable and beautiful.

Mr. N. N. Osburn, well known at Woodstock, Mich., was troubled with a lame back. He was persuaded to use Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It gave him relief in one night. This remedy is also famous for its cures of rheumatism. For sale by all druggists and dealers, Benson, Smith & Co., agents for Hawaiian Islands.

JUDGE CARTER REMEMBERED.

Clerks of Judiciary Present Him With a Pitcher.

Retiring Judge A. W. Carter was once a clerk in the Judiciary. During his term on the Bench he was always very cordial and affable in his treatment of the clerks and they entertained for him a feeling of high regard. On the eve of Judge Carter's leaving the Bench he was presented with a silver pitcher by the clerks of the Judiciary on which was inscribed: "From the Clerks to Judge A. W. Carter, in token of their esteem and aloha."

Postal Savings.

There is a "by authority" notice this morning that will engage at once all depositors in the Postal Savings bank of the Government. The credits noted and there are 65 of them, aggregating a large sum, will not draw interest after January 1, 1898. This is because they are over \$500. It is the intention to have the bank strictly savings.

Arthur Again.

Young Arthur Fitzgerald, who is on the reef for robbery of the Tramway wooden safe, lost his temper entirely yesterday morning, and attacked Luna Burke. Fitzgerald is a little chap and was soon under control. He is being disciplined for the offense.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Probably Hawaii will come in 'next—Boston Herald.

The next racing at Cyclomere park will be on Saturday evening.

The First Battalion practiced last evening for the sham battle.

David Kaapa says he is searching for the vacation retreat of the burglars.

H. M. Whitney is editing the Star in the absence of Mr. A. T. Atkinson on Maui.

Opening of the Cyclomere track has had the effect of increasing the value of Kewalo lots.

Another inspection tour will be made by Collector-General McStocker in the early spring.

Senator Pettibrew and ex-Senator Dubois may be aboard the steamer from China and Japan.

There was no meeting of the Board of Health Wednesday afternoon. Postponed until next week.

The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Dudoit died at the family home in the city Tuesday morning.

The Frawley advance sale opened Tuesday. It did not take many hours to dispose of sixty season tickets.

All the reservoirs in Nuuanu valley are now well filled with water. Several of the basins are to be cleaned out.

St. Andrew's church is to establish a chapel in the Punahou district. The building will be of frame, to cost about \$2,000.

Marshal Brown will go to Kauai on Tuesday in connection with the trial of Kapea for the murder of Dr. J. K. Smith.

The Diplomatic and Consular flags were all flying Wednesday in honor of the 45th anniversary of the Emperor of Japan.

Fred. J. Lowrey is building a stone house, having torn down the frame residence occupied by the family for many years.

September Government bills will be paid in a few days and there may soon after be a call for the October outstanding accounts.

The engagement is announced of Mr. John F. Humburg of Hackfeld & Co., to Miss Myra Sloggett, daughter of Dr. H. C. Sloggett.

Robert Halstead, owner of Waiialua Plantation has had plans made for a fine house in Makiki on Makiki street and will soon begin building.

Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Irwin are believed to be in Philadelphia this week. A fine team of horses for Mrs. Irwin arrived from the Coast Wednesday.

A stone contractor who has put up several notable public buildings in the Rocky mountain States is coming to Honolulu soon with a view to locating.

L. M. Veltessen, who has just returned from a business trip for the Hawaiian Hardware company, reports that trade is good on the other islands.

Jno. M. Kaneakua, the lawyer, is the latest native to decline the honor of a place on the royalist commission that is being organized for a trip to Washington.

Hids for some proposed road building on the island of Hawaii were all above the estimates and the Government may do the work itself instead of letting a contract.

Long nights are here and you will need lamps and chandeliers. Call at the Hawaiian Hardware Company's Fort street and select from the latest patterns.

There is no news of any outside effort to save the life of the native now on the reef.

THE GENERAL CATALOGUE

AND BUYERS' GUIDE

ISSUED SEMI-ANNUALLY BY

MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.

THE GREAT MAIL ORDER HOUSE.

Chicago, U. S. A.

IS THE MOST COMPLETE IN THE WORLD

It has more than 14,000 illustrations, about 40,000 quotations of prices, weighs 34 pounds, and contains over 400 pages. Everything you wear or use is listed in it; and the prices quoted place you to buy from \$5. in large or small quantities, at wholesale prices. We do not sell the General Catalogue and Buyers' Guide; we give it away. To introduce to you our immense facilities we will send free of charge to you or any other foreign resident our "Buyers' Guide," and our "Hand Book for Foreign Buyers," which gives all information necessary to put you in touch with our methods. Send us your address and we'll do the rest.

Montgomery Ward & Co.,

111 to 120 Michigan Ave., Chicago, U. S. A.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair, Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

In all the great Hotels, the leading Clubs and the homes, Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder holds its supremacy

40 Years the Standard.

LEWIS & CO.,

Agents, Honolulu, H. I.

at Oahu prison under sentence to be hanged next month.

Get your photographs in time for Christmas. Only first-class work at the Davey Photograph Co., Ltd., corner Fort and Hotel streets.

The Government officials are now putting in all their spare time compiling reports which the President desires for use in making up his message to the Legislature.

Henry Kaillima, a promising young Hawaiian, who attends the Royal school, has been appointed organist at the Kaunakapili church, and commenced his duties last Sunday.

In breaking a camp at Quarantine Wednesday "Jack" McVeigh found 8 sick Japanese coolies left over and sent them to the Queen's Hospital. Some of them may be returned to Japan.

The new steel steamship for the Wilder line is to be named by Mr. W. G. Irwin. He said he favors Maui as the title, but has been urged to honor Mrs. Irwin by naming the boat for her.

On account of the fact that the Imperial Family of Japan is in mourning, Japanese Consul Shimamura has declined the offer made by Minister Cooper to have the band play at the Consulate.

W. H. Crozier, well known here among the athletes, left for Hilo on the Kinau Tuesday morning. He will probably enter into business in the Rainy City. At any rate, he will not return to Honolulu soon.

It is understood British Consul Cusack-Smith sent from Samoa to Valparaiso, had been selected to succeed the late Captain Hayes' here. Hon. Thos. Rain Walker will continue to act for some time.

OUR REPUTATION

For fine watch work is widespread; but we wish to impress the few who may not yet be in line, with the necessity of sending their watches when out of order to us directly; and not first allow every tinkler to ruin the watch, after which, send it to us for proper repairs.

The Cost is always more to you, after such treatment; ever so much better to send it right down to us, for we allow nothing but perfect work to leave our workshop.

You will be surprised, too, how much cheaper it will be, and how much more satisfactory to you.

Watches are securely packed in wooden boxes, and returned in the safest possible manner.

H. F. WICHMAN

BOX 342.

How does it look today? Ask the lady of the house, who formerly took great pride in the appearance of the garden and grounds surrounding the home, and she will shake her head in disgust if you remark about the noticeable change. She has given up trying to have a fine flower bed or grow fine plants, simply because the Japanese Rose Bug has repeatedly killed her plants.

The scientific person knows that for every pest there is an enemy, and the result of application will effect a riddance.

We have learned from a very reliable source that by spraying the plants with a solution of WHALE-OIL SOAP that the Rose Bug, and, in fact, all insects, will either die or leave the plant.

Plants

The practice is cheap and simple.

We have a convenient package, containing sufficient of the soap to spray a full acre, the price being only 25c.

Wall, Nichols Company

SOLE AGENTS FOR HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO.

TIMELY TOPICS

4TH NOVEMBER, 1897.

At This Season a talk on the subject of Lamps is not out of place. Long nights are again upon us and those householders who think "any old thing" in the shape of a lamp is "good enough" will feel inclined to kick themselves when the monthly Oil Bill looks at them.

We have just received a truly magnificent variety of Lamps in all prices and styles in Porcelain, Brass or Silver. Hall Lamps, Piano Lamps in Brass, Nickel and Silver.

Table and Boudoir Lamps, Bracket Lamps, Nickel Plated Student Lamps; 2, 3 and 4 Light Chandeliers. We have also the famous mammoth "Rochester" Lamps, beside which the electric light appears like a taper.

And as for Small Hand Lamps we have just the one you are looking for. It gives a brilliant light, is very economical in use and very handsome in appearance.

Call in when you are passing and see for yourself.

The Hawaiian Hardware Co.

256 FORT STREET.

Destructive

Japanese

Beetle.

Previous to four years ago the gardens in and around Honolulu presented a picture to lovers of flowers and fine shrubbery; in fact, it was a very common remark by tourists that the residences of Honolulu were without rival from a plant-life standpoint.

Spray

How does it look today? Ask the lady of the house, who formerly took great pride in the appearance of the garden and grounds surrounding the home, and she will shake her head in disgust if you remark about the noticeable change. She has given up trying to have a fine flower bed or grow fine plants, simply because the Japanese Rose Bug has repeatedly killed her plants.

Your

The scientific person knows that for every pest there is an enemy, and the result of application will effect a riddance.

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Wall, Nichols Company

SOLE AGENTS FOR HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO.

CHURCH ROLL CALL

Names Were Read From Central Union Book.

THE LECTURE ROOM FILLED

Various Responses Made—Letters Received—Quotations. Communion.

The Lecture Room of Central Union was filled last evening for the annual roll call of the church. Many members were kept away by the threatening clouds. Many others reside in outer districts of Oahu and on the other Islands. There are a number in the United States. Letters from some of the absentees were read and other letters will be received. Mr. and Mrs. Chas. M. Cooke wrote from Oakland, Calif. The Judd boys sent regrets and greetings from New Haven. They are in college and one of them is a member of the Dwight Hall religious community.



REV. D. P. BIRNIE.
(Pastor Central Union).

minutes. His duties include accounting for the attendance or non-attendance of thirty members of his class. Other communications were in the nature of excuses and scripture selections from persons in the city unable to be present. A portion of those in attendance responded to their names by reciting or reading a verse from the Bible. Rev. D. P. Birnie presided for the annual meeting. W. W. Hall was clerk and Mr. W. A. Bowen read the names. Miss Parker was at the piano. The singing was by hymns by the congregation. He remarks to the congregation. Rev. Mr. Birnie spoke of the necessity of unity and cordiality and of the amount of work at hand. He said he disliked to think of dropping a name from the roll for if there was one place on earth that should not be closed to a man, it was the House of God. Announcement was made of the communion and rally service for next Sunday morning. A large congregation is expected on that occasion. Three new members will be received into the church.

At present the membership of Central Union is about 550. The pastor managed to communicate with every person upon the roll with the exception of four whose addresses could not be learned. The number of responses was quite gratifying. Palama chapel, which has a small but growing membership, was included last night. A feature of the report from that branch was a neat letter from three boys who are firm in the faith.

A sermon out of the ordinary is expected from Rev. D. P. Birnie next Sunday night. He will take up Bellamy's new book "Equality" the sequel or companion of "Looking Backward." The subject will be "Equality According to Bellamy and Equality According to the Gospel."

As Mr. Birnie has made a close study of social and labor conditions in the United States, in Hawaii and in China and Japan, it is anticipated that he will draw some very direct conclusions from the latest book of the well known reformer.

"SUN DO MOVE"

Talk With Rev. John Jasper by a Honolulu Citizen.

Rev. John Jasper is a negro preacher at Richmond, Va., U. S. A. He is best known on account of his sermon "The Sun Do Move." That gem was a standard before the man was free and had learned to read and write. He is intelligent, has many qualities of leadership, has a numerous flock and a fine church building.

Mr. E. C. Winston of this place talked negro labor for Hawaii with Rev. Jasper a few months ago. The old fellow was conservative. He did not care to discuss so important a topic with the stranger, soon he learned that many years ago he had been befriended by the Honolulu man's father. Then he listened and expressed guarded opinion.

"The Sun Do Move" philosopher and missionary worker believed that selected blacks, under the care of preachers of their own race might do well here as laborers or farmers on their own account. He was "set" in opposition to a contract and said he would not consider the advocacy of extensive emigration. The Rev. Mr. Jasper was pleased to learn from Mr. Winston that there was no color line in the Islands. He was told that character and merit alone counted here.

Mr. Winston says the planters in the south in the United States, both in cotton and cane culture are getting their labor at less than is paid on the sugar estates here. They have the

great advantage of not being compelled to hold a large force through the quiet seasons. During the greatest activity the pay is low, the relations are tight and there are no things like the quarters and attendance received by laborers in Hawaii.

While on his recent tour of the States Mr. Winston looked into labor conditions and problems closely and will use the knowledge he gained for the benefit of Hawaiian interests.

By Punahou Boys.

Punahou students are practicing in the big swimming bath at the college for water polo to be played soon. Prof. Frank Hosmer is giving the students points on the game. The horses for the big contest are being built. There will be lots of fun in this game. Each man carries a double paddle. They line up like football players, but with only five on a side. After the game itself is all over the contestants line-up for the climax, which consists of a rush, lasting till all are unhorsed.

Currency Wanted.

A number of business men have been inquiring for more of the new \$5 silver certificates and for some of the gold certificates. None of the latter have yet been issued. The series throughout is of very handsome design. It is learned at the Treasury department that the gold certificates cannot be expected for some time yet.

Hawaiian Sugar.

The imports of sugar into the United States, during the six months ended June, 1897, amounted to 2,263,347,161 pounds, of which 255,963,502 pounds was Hawaiian, 31.4 per cent, of which was above No. 14, and 1,263,190,080 pounds was beet.—S. F. Commercial News.

At Oahu.

Oahu plantation had a pumping plant accident yesterday. Manager Adams made things move with a jump till the break was repaired. Planting is going on down there now at the rate of about fifty acres a day. Both stockholders and the railway company are already beginning the figure on the first crop.

DR. LAMONT'S STRONG FINGERS.

"I was afraid you were going to slip through my fingers," said good old Dr. Lamont.

The writer was a boy of about seventeen, then. While a student at school, more than 300 miles from home, I was taken down with pneumonia. I had a tough time, and for two or three weeks my life was despaired of. But youth and good care won the fight, and one bright morning I was ready to go home with my dear father who had come for me. I was weak still, but well and happy clear up to the brim. Oh, what a ride! Oh, what sweet air! Oh, what a glorious world I had got back into! and what a reception from mother and sisters at the familiar house. Oh, life! Oh, health! Oh, duty, duty, duty!

Such an illness, if one survives it, only makes the sense of existence and its blessings more keen and delightful. It is good rather than bad. Lucky boy, not to have slipped through the doctor's fingers.

But when a man with most of his days behind him has to write a line like this: "All my life I have suffered more or less from disease"—why that is another and sadder story. It is the odds between an occasional thunderstorm and a sky always covered with clouds.

We quote what he says, reminding the reader that in this matter Mr. William Hodgkinson voices the experience of millions. He says: "I always had a bad taste in the mouth, no proper relish for food, and after eating had pain and fullness at the chest."

These sensations are symptoms of acute indigestion. In the stomach there is marked loss of power. The food is neither rolled over as it should be, so that the whole of it in turn may be presented to the digestive fluid, nor is it fully moved on towards the outlet into the bowels. As a result, it ferments and gives off irritating acids and gases, hence the patient complains of pain, weight, distention, acidity, and flatulence in that region. Thence the poisons proceed to every other part of the body, and headache, vertigo, gout, rheumatism, depressed spirits, and a score more of evils follow; among them, possibly, nervous prostration, progressive anaemia, locomotor ataxia, and more or less complete paralysis.

"Frequently," continues Mr. Hodgkinson, "I was sick, and as time went on I became very weak and feeble. I consulted one doctor after another and took various medicines but obtained no real or lasting relief from any of them. This describes my general condition until the fortunate day when I read about Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup. I was impressed by the statements others had made concerning it, and proceeded to try it. After taking one bottle I found relief, and was soon entirely free from my old complaint. Since that time (now eight years ago) I have enjoyed good health. Knowing personally of its virtues, I have recommended this remedy to hundreds, and have never heard of its having failed to give relief. But for Mother Seigel's Syrup I should have been in my grave years ago. (Signed) WILLIAM HODGKINSON, Hollington, near Uttoxeter, Staffordshire, August 11th, 1893."

Mr. Hodgkinson is well known and highly respected. He is a local preacher in the Methodist church, and by employment a quarry master. Had he gone into the grave, as he feared he should, he would have been missed and lamented by the community in which he has long been useful, and will live to be useful, we hope, for years to come.

Now let us repeat our leading thought. Short illness, even though sharp and dangerous, may result in good, rather than harm. But a disease that drags its victim through decades of lingering illness—what shall we say of it? The trouble and suffering it inflicts is beyond estimate, and its name is indigestion and dyspepsia.

And the name of the medicine that cures it Mr. Hodgkinson has done you the favor to mention with clearness and emphasis.



INSTANT RELIEF FOR SKIN-TORTURED BABIES

and rest for tired, worn-out parents in a warm bath with CUTICURA Soap, and a gentle anointing with CUTICURA, the great skin cure.

The only speedy, safe, permanent, and economical cure for the most distressing of itching, burning, bleeding, and scaly skin and scalp humors of infants and children. CUTICURA REMEDIES are guaranteed absolutely pure by chemists of the highest standing, and may be used from the moment of birth.

Sold throughout the world. British depot: F. NEWBERRY & SONS, London. POTTER DRUGS AND CHEM. CO., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A. How to Cure Skin-Tortured Babies, post free. For preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, and hair of infants, and eliminating the first symptoms of diarrhoea, nothing so pure, so sweet, so wholesome, as CUTICURA SOAP, the greatest of skin purifying and beautifying soaps, as well as pure and sweetest for toilet, bath, and laundry. For pimples, blotches, red, rough, dry, itchy, and scaling skin, red, rough hands, it is simply incomparable. It produces the whitest, clearest skin, the softest hands, and most luxuriant hair. Absolutely pure, delicately scented, exquisitely perfumed, surprisingly effective.

HOLLISTER & CO.
Tobacconists,

Cor. Fort & Merchant Sts.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A CHOICE
ASSORTMENT OF

Havana Cigars

FROM THE FACTORIES OF

La Intimidad,

La Espanola,

La Africana,

Henry Clay & Bock & Co

G. N. WILCOX, President.

J. F. HACKFELD, Vice President.

E. SUHR, Secretary and Treasurer.

T. MAY, Auditor.

Pacific Guano and Fertilizer Co.

—POST OFFICE BOX 484—MUTUAL TELEPHONE 467—

We Are Prepared to Fill All Orders for

Artificial
Fertilizers.

ALSO, CONSTANTLY ON HAND:

PACIFIC GUANO, PUTASH, SULPHATE OF AMMONIA,

NITRATE OF SODA, CALCOINED FERTILIZER,

SALTS, ETC., ETC., ETC.

Special attention given to analysis of soils by our agricultural chemist.

All goods are GUARANTEED in every respect.

For further particulars apply to

Pacific Guano and Fertilizer Company.

ROBERT CATTON.

212 Queen Street, Honolulu.

AGENT FOR

THE MIRRLEES, WATSON & YARYAN CO., LD.

Sugar Machinery.

WATSON, LAIDLAW & CO.

Centrifugals and Cream Separators.

JOHN FOWLER & CO. (LEEDS), LD.

Steam Ploughs and Portable Railway.

THE RIESON IRON WORKS.....General Engineering.

MARCUS MASON & CO., Coffee and Rice Machinery.

J. HARRISON CARTER.....Disintegrators.

Vapo-Resolene Cures while you Sleep

Whooping Cough, Asthma, Croup, Catarrh, Colds.

Resolene when vaporized in the sick room will give immediate relief. Its curative powers are wonderful, as the name itself preventing the spread of contagious diseases by acting as a powerful disinfectant, harmless to the youngest child. Sold by druggists. Valuable booklet free.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO., HONOLULU, N. E. Agents.

New Goods

—FOR—

Warm
Weather!

While in San Francisco we made extensive purchases of new goods suitable for warm weather and we secured them at low prices. Some of these lines have already arrived and we are offering them at prices which should win your patronage to us if we have not already had it.

Fancy Swiss,
Organdies

—AND—

Muslin Dress
Goods

From 10 cents to 30 cents per yard. Never sold here before at less than 25 per cent. above this.

Equipoise Waists!

The only garment which keeps the form perfect and the health as nature ordained. These waists are now worn by many of the best dressed ladies of Honolulu. Marseilles spreads, new design, from \$2.50 to \$12.

New linings for organdies just received.

B. F. Ehlers & Co.

FORT STREET.



A Model Plant is not complete without Electric Power, thus dispensing with small engines.

Why not generate your power from one CENTRAL Station? One generator can furnish power to your Pump, Centrifugals, Elevators, Pumps, Railways and Hoists; also, furnish light and power for a radius of from 15 to 20 miles.

Electric Power being used, saves the labor of hauling coal in your field, also water, and does away with high-priced engineers, and only have one engine to look after in your mill.

Where water power is available it costs nothing to generate Electric Power.

THE HAWAIIAN ELECTRIC COMPANY is now ready to furnish Electric Plants and Generators of all descriptions at short notice, and also has on hand a large stock of Wire, Chandeliers and Electrical Goods.

All orders will be given prompt attention, and estimates furnished for Lighting and Power Plants; also, attention is given to House and Marine Wiring.

THEO. HOFFMAN, Manager.

CONSOLIDATED
SODA WATER WORKS CO.

(Limited.)

Explained, Cor. Fort and Allee Sts.

Hollister & Co.

—AGENTS—

O. HUSTACE.

Wholesale and Retail Grocer

212 KING ST. TEL. 119

Family, Plantation and Ships' Stores Supplied on Short Notice.

New goods by every steamer. Orders from the other Islands faithfully executed.

INSURANCE

Theo. H. Davies & Co., Ltd.

AGENTS FOR

FIRE, LIFE AND MARINE
INSURANCE.

Northern Assurance Co

Of London for FIRE & LIFE.

Established 1836.

Accumulated Funds, \$3,975,030.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN

MARINE INSURANCE CO., Ltd.

Of Liverpool for MARINE.

Capital - - £1,000,000.

Reduction of Rates.

Immediate Payment of Claims.

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., Ltd., Agents.

North British & Mercantile Insurance Co

TOTAL FUNDS AT 31ST DECEMBER, 1906,

£12,954,302.

1. Authorized Capital—£5,000,000

2. Subscribed - - - - - 2,750,000

3. Paid up Capital - - - - - 1,000,000

4. Fire Funds - - - - - 2,000,000

5. Life and Annuity Funds - - - - - 4,254,302

Revenue Fire Branch - - - - - 1,577,028

Revenue Life and Annuity - - - - - 1,404,077

Branches - - - - - 2,181,155

The Accumulated Funds of the Fire and Life Departments are free from liability in respect of each other.

ED. HOFFSCHLAGER & CO.,

Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Co.

The undersigned having been appointed agents of the above company are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stone and Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored therein on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agents.

General Insurance Company for Sea, River and Land Transport of Dresden.

Having established an agency at Honolulu and the Hawaiian Islands the undersigned General Agents are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.,

Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

German Lloyd Marine Insurance Co.

OF BERLIN.

Fortuna General Insurance Company

OF BERLIN.

The above Insurance Companies have established a General Agency here, and the undersigned, General Agents, are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the seas at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Genl. Agts.

CASTLE & COOKE
IMPORTERS

LIFE AND FIRE

INSURANCE AGENTS

AGENTS FOR

New England Mutual Life Insurance Co

OF BOSTON.

Etna Fire Insurance Company

OF HARTFORD.

Trans-Atlantic Fire Insurance Company

OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the company and reserve, reinsurance companies - - - - - 6,000,000

Capital their reinsurance companies - - - - - 101,650,000

Total reinsurance - - - - - 107,650,000

North German Fire Insurance Company

OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the company and reserve, reinsurance companies - - - - - 8,850,000

Capital their reinsurance companies - - - - - 35,000,000

Total reinsurance - - - - - 43,850,000

The undersigned, General Agents of the above two companies for the Hawaiian Islands, are prepared to insure Buildings, Furniture, Merchandise and Produce, Machinery, etc., also Sugar and Rice Mills, and Vessels in the harbor, against loss or damage by fire on the most favorable terms.

H. HACKFELD & CO.

J. S. WALKER.

General Agent the Hawaiian Islands.

Royal Insurance Company,
Alliance Assurance Company,
Alliance Marine and General Insurance Company.

WILHELM OF MAGDEBURG

INSURANCE COMPANY.

Real Life Insurance Company of Canada.

Scottish Union and National Union.

Room 12, Spreckels' Block, Honolulu, H. I.

A LADY "SKIPPER"

When Countess Festetics Was a Captain.

Incidents in Cruises of the Yacht Tolna—The Countess Was a Victim.

The Countess Festetics, who was born a few days ago on the coast of Hungary, is a young lady of the name of Tolna, who has been sailing in the Pacific. She first visited Honolulu in 1881 as captain of the yacht Tolna, owned by herself and husband. The Countess is an American citizen. In their first cruise they have been cruising up to a few months ago, when they sailed down to Kobe. At one time after leaving her the loss of the Tolna with all on board was reported. It was some months before the alarming story was denied.

There was a sailing master aboard the yacht when it entered the port of Honolulu. He was discharged here for leaving him to the crew when the master should have been in command. The captain was a sailor for discipline. This made them tell tales out of school. He said that the Tolna was really a trader. Afterward this particular statement was disproven. What the mate said about bringing a heavy consignment of opium from the Coast was believed, but neither the Countess nor her husband were suspected of having any share in the illicit enterprise.

Up in San Francisco in his early days of sailing the Countess was availed by everybody. Any man on the water front thought it would be perfectly legitimate to sell the Countess a gold brick if he would buy it. The Countess had half a dozen members of navigation in his service at different times, but the whole of them could never qualify him for master's papers. Several said him for tutor's fees and obtained judgment. They said in open court that the man could learn all right but could not explain the simplest thing that he seemed to know perfectly well. Not so with the American lady. She was quite a navigator when Honolulu had been reached, but the mate laughed and said when he told her she wanted to come into port "wing and wing" because it would "hook pretty."

While in this port in the stirring days of 1895 the Tolna was anchored off Brewer's wharf. The firmness of the wharf head of the pier, the Countess was in evidence from shore every day. In getting rid of the old crew and ship- ping a new one both desirability and alertness were required. The Countess was equal to every situation and those on board knew who was in command when the Countess's yacht left for Samoa. There an entirely new crew, and the last one the boat ever had, was shipped.

Countess Festetics, who has a cousin in the American navy and who is yet true to that navy, is making a trip to the United States because she wants to see the country again. After a few months she will return to Kobe, which place is liked fairly well for residence when there is no cruising to unexplored places in the South Pacific.

HE WAS LOST.

No Chance That Japanese Cabin Boy Escaped Drowning.

There is hardly any possibility that Amoko, the Japanese cabin boy lost overboard from the schooner Alice Cooke, could have saved himself by swimming ashore as the vessel was several miles off Honolulu and the wind and sea were very heavy when the unfortunate accident occurred. Amoko was serving coffee and was walking over the railing from the cook's galley to the cabin when he walked overboard. It is thought that the poor fellow must have struck his head on the rail as he fell, for there was no outcry until he had passed astern of the vessel.

Life preservers were thrown out but nothing else could be done. Before lunch the Alice Cooke was a mile away. It was dark and stormy and any attempt made to send out a boat might have meant the loss of several lives. Besides that there was absolutely nothing to be gained by a search.

The possibility of his having gotten ashore on Mokuauia or this island has been spoken of but the officers of the Alice Cooke do not think that such a thing could be possible.

HAS BEEN NORTH.

Well Known Schooner Carried Gold Seekers' Stores.

The American schooner Alice Cooke, Peshawar master, arrived in port at 12 noon yesterday, 35 days from Port Townsend with a cargo of lumber for Lewis & Cooke.

Captain Peshawar tells of his trip to St. Michael with stores and lumber for the Klondike miners. He arrived there on the day after the Fourth of July with 1,251 tons of provisions and 1,066 feet of lumber. It took twenty days to discharge and the Alice Cooke set out for Port Townsend on the 22nd in a gale of wind. She was four days in the Behring sea and then twenty-five days before reaching Port Townsend.

BRIG W. G. IRWIN.

Fast Packet Anchored Outside Sugar Cargo Ready.

The American brig W. G. Irwin, Williams master, arrived in port Wednesday morning, about 20 days from San Francisco with a cargo of 600 tons of general merchandise consigned to Wm. G. Irwin & Co. She left San Francisco on October 15th and had fine weather with light winds until arriving off port, when the wind began to blow hard. The Irwin anchored off port at 10 o'clock Tuesday night but

drifted away. She came to anchor in about the same position at about midnight, entering port as detailed above. The Irwin brought 10 mules and 17 head of live horses for various parties. It is expected that her cargo will be out on Friday. A load of sugar was sent her in the Douglas warehouse. She will be quickly laden and sent on her way to San Francisco on Monday or Tuesday of next week.

Notice to Ship Captains.

U. S. Branch Hydrographic Office, San Francisco, Cal. By communicating with the Branch Hydrographic Office in San Francisco, captains of vessels who will co-operate with the Hydrographic Office by recording the meteorological observations suggested by the office, can have forwarded to them at any desired port, and free of expense, the monthly pilot charts of the North Pacific Ocean and the latest information regarding the dangers to navigation in the waters which they frequent.

Mariners are requested to report to the office dangers discovered, or any other information which can be utilized for correcting charts or sailing directions, or in the publication of the pilot charts of the North Pacific.

W. S. HUGHES.

Lieutenant, United States Navy.

"The worst cold I ever had in my life was cured by Chamberlain's Cough Remedy," writes W. H. Norton, of Sutter Creek, Cal. "This cold left me with a cough and I was expecting all the time. The Remedy cured me, and I want all of my friends when troubled with a cough or cold to use it, for it will do them good." Sold by all druggists and dealers, Benson, Smith & Co., agents for Hawaiian Islands.

WHARF AND WAVE.

The Government dredger is doing very effective work for the new slips near the fish market.

The American bark Columbia, Gore master, sailed in ballast for the Sound yesterday afternoon.

The Captains of the various foreign vessels in port remained pretty close by them Wednesday on account of the very erratic wind.

The Aloha, Archer and Mohican are now loading general merchandise in San Francisco for this port. They will sail in a few days.

The American barkentine S. G. Wilder, McNeill master, sailed for San Francisco early Tuesday afternoon with a cargo of sugar.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.

Wednesday November 3.
Am. schr. Alice Cooke, Peshawar, from Port Townsend.
Am. brig W. G. Irwin, Williams, from San Francisco.
Schr. Ke An Hoi, Thompson, from Lahaina.
Schr. James Makie, Tuller, from Kauai.

Thursday, November 4.
Schr. Kaena, Parker, from Oahu ports.

DEPARTURES.

Tuesday, November 2.
Schr. Kinau, Clarke, for Maui and Hawaii.
Schr. Helene, Freeman, for Maui ports.
Schr. Kaena, Parker, for Wailuku ports.

Schr. W. G. Hall, Haglund, for Kauai ports.
Am. brig S. G. Wilder, McNeill, for San Francisco.

Schr. Mokuahala, Thompson, for Nawiliwili, Hanalei, Kilauea, Kailua, and Honolulu.

Wednesday November 3.
Schr. Ke An Hoi, Thompson, for Honolulu and Elsie.
Schr. Nolan, Peterson, for Lahaina, Honolulu and Kilauea.

Thursday, November 4.
Am. bk. Columbia, Gore, for the Sound.

VESSELS LEAVING TODAY.

Schr. Kaena, Parker, for Wailuku, Pukuli and Mokuauia, at 9 a. m.

PASSENGERS.

Arrivals.
From San Francisco, per brig W. G. Irwin, November 2: Chas. Towse, wife and child, Miss Charles Towse, Mr. and Mrs. Harrier, Miss R. B. Lane, Miss M. Evans, Miss Chattie Nesbitt, David Crowley.

Departures.

For San Francisco, per brig S. G. Wilder, November 2-4: W. Cornelius.
For Maui ports, per schr. Helene, November 2-4: J. A. W. O'Connell, Rev. O. P. Emerson and wife, Mrs. H. P. Palmer, Mrs. Kaimoku and 2 children, Mr. Fagerstrom and C. E. Rosecrans.

For Maui and Hawaii, per schr. Kinau, November 2-4: T. Atkinson, Mrs. Bailey and 3 children, Mrs. K. H. H. and child, E. A. Fraser and wife, T. S. Kay, W. G. Walker, H. E. Webster, C. S. Dewar, J. G. Rothwell, J. T. Stacker, H. P. Walker, A. L. Gibbs, Mr. Nagashima, H. Macfarlane, Mr. Peachy, C. von Hamm, G. Goodacre, W. Mutch, wife and servant, Mrs. J. Nowaki, W. B. Nallima, Jr., A. B. Loe, wife and daughter, Mrs. W. H. E. E. and child, T. S. Chong, J. M. G. C. C. Kennedy, W. H. Crocker, Mrs. Bortman, Wm. Abbey, Jr. and wife, and 60 deck.

IMPORTS.

From Port Townsend, per schr. Alice Cooke, November 3-5: 500,000 ft. rough and 540,000 ft. dressed lumber; 7,271 ft. pickets, 20,000 laths, 225,000 shingles and 150 cedar poles for Lewis & Cooke.

BY AUTHORITY.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Fixed white lights have been established on the Islands of Kauai and Hawaii as follows:

1.—Ninini point, north of the entrance to Nawiliwili bay, Island of Kauai. Tower, an open wooden frame, surmounted by an enclosed lamp room, painted white. Lat. 21 degrees 51 minutes N.; Long. 159 degrees 20 minutes W. Elevation above sea level, 70 feet. Visible 16 miles.

2.—On Keawenoe, near Ala point, Hawaii, nine miles N. by W. from Hilo bay and N. 3 degrees W. magnetic from light on Paaka bluff. Tower, an open wooden frame, surmounted by an enclosed lamp room, painted white. Lat. 19 degrees 51 minutes N.; Long. 155 degrees 6 minutes W. Elevation above sea level, 65 feet. Visible 16 miles.

3.—On Kauhola point, west of Kea-kea harbor, District of Kohala, Hawaii. Tower, an open wooden frame, surmounted by an enclosed lamp room, painted white. Lat. 20 degrees 15 minutes N.; Long. 155 degrees 46 minutes W. Elevation, 40 feet. Visible 16 miles.

JAMES A. KING.

Minister of the Interior.

Department of the Interior, Honolulu, H. I., November 4, 1897.

1913-3c

HONOLULU POST OFFICE.

November 4, 1897.

Notice is hereby given that interest from January 1, 1898, will not be allowed in excess of Five Hundred Dollars, on the following pass books of the Postal Savings Bank, representing deposits numbered as below mentioned.

(Sd.) J. M. OAT.

Postmaster General.

Approved: (Sd.) S. M. Damon.

Minister of Finance.

No.	Amount.	No.	Amount.
1061	\$1,200.68	2891	\$ 470.23
1164	1,112.27	2901	1,118.90
1284	1,134.75	2965	1,300.63
1397	1,139.75	3005	500.00
1482	1,028.56	3082	1,157.81
1531	2,431.20	3345	826.50
1614	1,077.50	3394	873.72
1697	564.40	3398	753.70
1681	3,221.51	3401	521.15
1691	2,082.90	3466	538.25
1750	1,658.52	3482	1,561.40
1871	606.41	3608	2,394.75
1898	949.14	3648	1,624.35
1940	681.86	3674	2,350.80
1946	1,250.52	3882	1,063.62
1959	1,210.95	3919	1,230.14
2044	582.00	3919	920.01
2132	1,322.30	4063	1,265.47
2256	1,000.00	4291	820.25
2284	505.85	4338	1,000.00
2316	2,350.93	4785	500.00
2344	680.33	5394	1,100.20
2527	2,400.00	5395	2,257.74
2528	2,100.00	5528	1,825.31
2559	2,077.00	5549	2,625.00
2641	5,141.62	6142	1,136.30
2675	1,520.95	6278	2,500.00
2702	2,155.50	6453	788.70
2707	1,011.95	6758	777.50
2730	656.29	7016	1,532.65
2740	1,063.03	7301	620.25
2821	1,841.90	7341	900.00
2823	600.25		
	4757-11	1913-11	

AUCTION SALE OF AWA LICENSES.

In accordance with the requirements of Section 18, Chapter 64 of the Laws of 1896, one Awa License for each District of the several Islands will be sold at public auction between the first and seventh day of December, 1897.

Each license will be for the term of one year from the first day of January, 1898.

The upset price will be as follows:
For the District of Honolulu.....\$1,000
For the District of Hilo..... 500
For the District of Wailuku..... 500
For the District of Lahaina..... 150
For each other District..... 250

The licenses for the Districts of Honolulu, Koolapoko, Koolanaloa, Wailuku and Ewa and Wailanae, on the Island of Oahu, will be sold at the front entrance of the Executive Building on FRIDAY, the 3rd day of December, 1897, at 12 o'clock noon.

Those for the Islands of Hawaii, Maui and Kauai will be sold in the respective Districts of those Islands upon such day and date within the limit of time fixed by law, as shall be designated by the several Sheriffs or their Deputies. Due notice of date and place of sale will be given by posters in each of the said Districts.

A cash deposit of twenty-five per cent. of the amount of the bid will be required upon the fall of the hammer; said deposit to be forfeited to the Government if the full amount of the bid is not paid within five days from the day of sale.

J. A. KING.

Minister of the Interior.
Interior Office, November 2nd, 1897.
1913-4F

NOTICE CHANGE OF LOCATION OF POUND.

In accordance with Section 1 of Chapter XXXV, of the Session Laws of 1888, I have this day changed the location of the Government Pound at Keala 2 to Hookena, South Kona, Hawaii.

J. A. KING.

Minister of the Interior.

Interior Office, Oct. 27, 1897.

1913-3c

PUBLIC LANDS NOTICE.

On Saturday, November 13th, at 12 o'clock noon, at the front entrance of the Judiciary Building, Honolulu, will be sold at Public Auction, two tracts of Government land at Makoleia, Mokuahala, containing 784 acres each.

Upset price: \$450 for each tract. Terms: Cash, in U. S. Gold Coin.

For further particulars, plan, etc., apply at office of Public Lands, Honolulu.

J. F. BROWN.

Agent Public Lands.
Dated Honolulu, October 18, 1897.

1908-1d

PUBLIC LANDS NOTICE.

On Monday, November 8th, at 10 a. m., at the office of W. O. Aiken, Paia, Maui, will be open for application under the provisions of the Land Act for Right of Purchase, Leases and Cash Foreclosures, or under special conditions of payments and improvement without residence.

Forty lots in Mahiku, Maui, of about 100 acres each of agricultural land, at appraised values of from \$2.50 to \$4.00 per acre. Full particulars as to qualifications of applicants, plan of lots, prices, etc., may be had at the office of Public Lands, Honolulu, or at office of W. O. Aiken, Paia, Maui.

A partial analysis of soils from this vicinity, made at laboratories of the Hawaiian Sugar Planters' Association gives results as follows:

Soil.	Lim.	Potash.	Acid.	Phosphoric.	Nitrogen.
Per C.	Per C.	Per C.	Per C.	Per C.	Per C.
No. 1	0.851	0.278	0.299	1.150	
No. 2	0.529	0.258	0.132	0.394	
No. 3	0.300	0.349	0.333	0.179	

J. F. BROWN.

Agent Public Lands.
October 18, 1897.

1909-1d

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE

First Circuit, Hawaiian Islands.

Ermina Quintana vs. Vicente Quintana.

The Republic of Hawaii:

To the Marshal of the Hawaiian Islands, or his Deputy, Greeting:

You are commanded to summon Vicente Quintana, defendant, in case he shall file written answer within twenty days after service hereof, to be and appear before the said Circuit Court at the November Term thereof, to be held at Honolulu, Island of Oahu, on Monday, the 1st day of November next, at ten o'clock a. m., to show cause why the claim of Ermina Quintana, plaintiff, should not be awarded to her pursuant to the tenor of her annexed petition. And have you then there this writ with full return of your proceedings thereon.

Witness Hon. A. W. Carter, First Judge of the Circuit Court of (L.S.) the First Circuit, at Honolulu, Oahu, this 1st day of October, 1897.

GEORGE LUCAS, Clerk.

I certify the foregoing to be a true copy of the original summons in said cause, and that said Court ordered publication of the same and continuance of said cause until the next February, 1898 term of this Court.

P. D. KELLEY, JR., Clerk.

1913-4F

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE

First Circuit of the Hawaiian Islands.

In the Matter of the Estate of Simon Magnin, Deceased.

A duly authenticated copy of the last will of said deceased having been presented to said Court, together with a petition for the probate thereof, and for the issuance of Letters of Administration with the will annexed to W. W. Hall having been filed, notice is hereby given that Monday, November 22, A. D. 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m., in the Judiciary Building, Honolulu, is appointed the time and place for proving said will and hearing said application, when and where any person interested may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

By the Court:

J. A. THOMPSON.

Clerk.
Honolulu, H. I., October 19, 1897.

1909-3wF

NOTICE.

The California Fruit Market (P. G. Camarines & Co.) will purchase all kinds of produce, fruits and poultry in either large or small quantities. Persons residing on Oahu or any of the other Islands having turkey, chickens, eggs, butter, oranges, limes, alligator pears or any other kind of marketable produce, fruits or poultry, can send the same to them and get the market price.

Honolulu 7th Sept., 1897.

4701-11 1897-1f

RUBBER STAMPS

AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE.

Pacific Mail Steamship Co.

Occidental & Oriental Steamship Co.

Steamers of the above companies will call at Honolulu and leave this port on or about the dates below mentioned.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO:

RIO DE JANEIRONov. 9
GALICNov. 19
DORICDec. 10
CHINADec. 19

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA:

BELGICNov. 6
COPTICNov. 25
RIO DE JANEIRODec. 4
CITY OF PEKINGDec. 25

For freight and passage and all general information, apply to

H. Hackfeld & Co.

—AGENTS.—

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTENTION TO FORECLOSE AND OF SALE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in that certain mortgage made by Antonio Joe, of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, to S. N. Emerson, of said Honolulu, dated May 20, 1897, recorded in the Hawaiian Registry of Conveyances in Liber 138, pages 87 and 88, and assigned to Chang Kim on October 15, 1897, the assignee of said mortgage intends to foreclose said mortgage for breach of condition in said mortgage contained to wit: the non-payment of principal and interest.

Notice is also hereby given that all and singular the lands, tenements and hereditaments described in said mortgage will be sold at public auction at the auction rooms of James F. Morgan, on Queen street, in said Honolulu, on Saturday, the 4th day of December, 1897, at 12 o'clock noon.

The property covered by said mortgage is all of that parcel or tract of land situate in Kalihi, District of Kona, Island of Oahu, being a portion of the land described in Royal Patent 1204, L. C. A. 681, containing an area of one and 40-100 acres, more or less, and the same premises conveyed to said mortgagee by deed of W. H. Cummings, dated June 22, 1891, recorded in said Registry in Liber 103, pages 94-5.

Terms: Cash. Deeds at expense of purchasers.

CHANG KIM.
Assignee of Mortgagee.
Charles F. Peterson, attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee.

Dated Honolulu, November 4, 1897.
1913-4F

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

The undersigned having been duly appointed Executrix of the last will and testament of Godfrey Rhodes, late of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons to present their claims against the estate of said Godfrey Rhodes, deceased, duly authenticated, whether secured by mortgage or otherwise, to the undersigned, at the office of Cecil Brown, on Merchant street, Honolulu, Oahu, within six months from the date hereof or they will be forever barred, and all persons indebted to said estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment at the same place.

Dated Honolulu, November 2, 1897.
NANCY RHODES,
Executrix of the last will and testament of Godfrey Rhodes, deceased.

1913-4F

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Kukulau Plantation Co., Ltd., held at Honolulu, on the 30th day of October, 1897, the following officers were elected to serve during the ensuing year:

J. M. HornerPresident
A. HornerVice-President
J. F. HackfeldTreasurer
C. BosseSecretary
Robt. HornerAuditor

C. BOSSE.

Secretary.

1912-4f

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

Notice is hereby given that at the annual meeting of the Pioneer Mill Company, Ltd., held on October 26th, 1897, the following officers were elected to serve during the ensuing year:

Paul IsenbergPresident
J. F. HackfeldVice-President
H. A. IsenbergTreasurer
C. BosseSecretary
W. PfenhauerAuditor

C. BOSSE.

Secretary.

1911